

LVD TEST REPORT

EN 60204-1: 2018

Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines - Part 1: General requirements

EN 62471: 2008

Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems

For

Shenzhen Shen Wangda Technology Co.,Ltd

4th floor, building C, KelunTe Low-carbonindustrial park, HuaRong Road, Longhua area, ShenZhen

Model: TBK958A, TBK958B, TBK958C, TBK958D, TBK958E, TBK958F, TBK958G, TBK958H, TBK958I, TBK958J, TBK958K, TBK958L, TBK958M, TBK958N, TBK958O, TBK958P, TBK958Q, TBK958R, TBK958S, TBK958T, TBK958U, TBK958V, TBK958W, TBK958X, TBK958Y, TBK958Z

2021-06-24

| A K | | 19 | F S |
|--------------------|--|---|--|
| This Report Concer | ns: | Equipment Type: | LIN |
| 🛛 Original Report | H L | laser machine | N. Contraction of the second s |
| Test Engineer: | Eric Tao/ | Erre Too | |
| Report Number: | TH2106189-C01- | | A TES |
| Test Date: | 2021-06-17 to 202 | 21.0在巡报告专用音 | WWW TH |
| Reviewed By: | Prince Huang/ | Prove Huong | TEST IS |
| Prepared By: | Shenzhen Tian Hai T | Fest Technology Co.,Ltd. | A May a |
| A. K. | 4F, A3 BLDG, Th industrial park, Gu | e Silicon Valley Powe 1an Lan street, Longhu | r intelligent terminal a district, Shenzhen |
| L L | Tel : 86-755-8661 | 5100 | 24 |
| P X | Fax: 86-755-8661 | 5105 | The the |

Note: This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior written consent of Shenzhen Tian Hai Test Technology Co,.Ltd.

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 1 of 37

| K L | EN 60204-1: 2018 | + 1. Configuration |
|-----------------------------|--|---|
| Safety of machin | Electrical equipment of machines P EN 62471: 2008 | art 1: General requirements |
| .5 | obiological safety of lamps and lam | ip systems |
| Réport | E L E | |
| Report reference No. | TH2106189-C01-R02 | 《海检测》 5 |
| Tested by (+signature) | Eric Tao | And Tail the |
| aviound by (+signature) | Prince Haung | Prone Huand |
| (+signature) | Time mang | the will be that a set |
| Approved by (+signature) | Prince Huang | Pare that |
| | 4 L H | 22077200 |
| Date of issue | 2021-06-24 | H H H |
| esting laboratory | A A X | The PL I |
| Jame X | Shenzhen Tian Hai Test Technology (| Co.,Ltd. |
| ddress | 4F, A3 BLDG, The Silicon Valley Powe | er intelligent terminal industrial park, Guan |
| A | Lan street, Longhua district, Shenzhen | 5 |
| est location | Same as above | E L |
| lient | 19 × H | X H H |
| | Shanzhan Shan Wangda Technology | Co.Ltd |
| Applicant Name | th g 1 1 1 c Kalen Ta Law opt | hanindustrial north Hus Pong Road |
| Address | Longhua area, ShenZhen | bolinidustrial park, ritakong Road, |
| A Anna Anna A | Shenzhen Shen Wangda Technology | y Co.,Ltd |
| vianuiacturei | 4 th floor building C. Kelun Te Low-car | bonindustrial park, HuaRong Road, |
| Address | Longhua area, ShenZhen | |
| Test specification | No A A | R R |
| Standards | EN 60204-1: 2018; EN 62471: 2008 | N KI Y |
| Non-standard test method | N.A. | The The |
| Test item | A 6 | 6 |
| | losof machine | L L L |
| Description | TDV059A TDV059B TBV058C TE | KOSAD TBKOSAE TBKOSAE TBKOSA |
| A H | TBK958A, IBK958B, IBK958C, IB | (958K TBK958L TBK958M TBK958N |
| Aodel and or type reference | TBK9580, TBK958P, TBK9580, TB | K958R, TBK958S, TBK958T, TBK958U |
| 1 Al | TBK958V, TBK958W, TBK958X, T | BK958Y, TBK958Z |
| | TDV | 4 |
| I rade mark | IDA | (S) |
| Rating | Input: AC 110V-220V 50-60Hz 3A 50 | 00W 🖉 🖉 W00 |
| S F | All tests performed on model: TPK05 | S8A 2 4 5 |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 2 of 37

Test case verdicts

Test case does not apply to the test object

Test item does meet the requirement

Test item does not meet the requirement

N/A (Not apply P(Pass)

F(Fail)

General remarks:

""See remark #)""refers to a remark appended to the report.

""See appended table)""refers to a table appended to the report.

Throughout this report a comma is used as the decimal separator.

The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested.

This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of the testing laboratory.

Attachment include:

Appendix for photo

Remarks: Copy of the marking plate

> laser machine Model: TBK958A Input: AC 110V-220V 50-60Hz 3A 500W

Hazard Level: 1catagory hazard (Low hazard) Shenzhen Shen Wangda Technology Co.,Ltd 4th floor, buiding C, KelunTe Low-carbonindustrial park, HuaRong Road, Longhua area, ShenZhen

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 3 of 37

Shenzhen Tian Hai Test Technology Co., Ltd.

| | | EN 60204-1 | | X |
|--------|---|---|------------------------------|--------|
| Clause | 5 | Requirement Test | Result | Verdic |
| < | K | 100 | E 2 F | ~ |
| 2 | General requ | uirements | | Р |
| .1 8 | General | A A A A | Complied | Р |
| .2 | Selection of e | equipment | (A) | P |
| 1.2.1 | General | 21 | ~ ~ | Р |
| 5 | Electrical cor | nponents and devices shall: | L' | Р |
| N. | – be suitable | for their intended use | 5 | P |
| R | – conform to | relevant IEC standards where such exist | L' X | N/A |
| 2 | – be applied i | in accordance with the supplier's instructions. | The second second | P |
| .2.2 | Electrical equ | upment in compliance with the EN 60439 series | Complied | Р |
| 1.3 | Electrical sup | pply | | P |
| .3.1 | General | | 19 | P |
| | The electrical | equipment shall be designed to operate correctl | y with the conditions of the | Р |
| K | - as specified | l in 4.3.2 or 4.3.3, | 41 | Р |
| X | – as otherwise | e specified by the user (see Annex B) | A Z | N/A |
| NN NN | - as specified | by the supplier in the case of a special source of a non-board generator. | f | N/A |
| .3.2 | AC supplies | | AC 110V-220V | P |
| 4 | Voltage Stead | dy state voltage: 0,9 to 1,1 of nominal voltage. | 5 5 | N/A |
| E. | Frequency 0,9 to 1,02 short | 99 to 1,01 of nominal frequency continuously; 0, time. | ,98 | Р |
| 2° ~ ~ | Harmonics H r.m.s. voltage through to the r.m.s. voltage through to the | armonic distortion not exceeding 10 % of the tot between live conductors for the sum of the 2nd e 5th harmonic. An additional 2 % of the total between live conductors for the sum of the 6th e 30th harmonic is permissible. | tal <10% | Р |
| WH417 | Voltage unba component no three-phase si component. | lance Neither the voltage of the negative sequent or the voltage of the zero sequence component in upplies exceeding 2 % of the positive sequence | ce <2% | N/A |
| 1/4 | Voltage intern not more than more than 1 s | ruption Supply interrupted or at zero voltage for a 3 ms at any random time in the supply cycle wis between successive interruptions. | ith <3ms | MAN |
| 1 | Voltage dips voltage of the between succ | Voltage dips not exceeding 20 % of the peak e supply for more than one cycle with more than essive dips. | 1 s | P |
| 4.3.3 | DC supplies | A K B | E La La | N/A |
| .3.4 | Special suppl | y systems | NB 18 | N/A |
| THMHA | For special su limits given i the equipmen conditions. | apply systems such as on-board generators, the n 4.3.2 and 4.3.3 may be exceeded provided that it is designed to operate correctly with those | L'I L'I | N/A |
| | conditions. | Le Le L | Le L | 4 |

| | EN 60204-1 | L ^N | |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|---------|
| Clause | Requirement Test | Result | Verdict |
| oget. | Li Li | S & K | |
| 4.4 | Physical environment and operating conditions | Ly X | Р |
| 4.4.1 | General | AL | Р |
| TEGY TIA | The electrical equipment shall be suitable for the physical environment and operating conditions of its intended use. The requirements of 4.4.2 to 4.4.8 cover the physical environment and operating conditions of the majority of machines covered by this part of EN 60204. When special conditions apply or the limits specified are exceeded, an agreement between user and sumpling (and 4.1) is recommended (and Anney P) | Complied | PMAL LS |
| 4.4.2 | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) | 2 2 | Р |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | The equipment shall not generate electromagnetic disturbances above levels that are appropriate for its intended operating environment. In addition, the equipment shall have a level of immunity to electromagnetic disturbances so that it can function in its intended environment. | Comply with the EN61000-6-2 and EN61000-6-4 | Р |
| 4.4.3 | Ambient air temperature | K K | Р |
| TANHA TES | Electrical equipment shall be capable of operating correctly in the intended ambient air temperature. The minimum requirement for all electrical equipment is correct operation between air temperatures of $+5$ °C and $+40$ °C. For very hot environments (for example hot climates, steel mills, paper mills) and for cold environments, additional measures are recommended (see Annex B). | Complied | PAR |
| 4.4.4 | Humidity | L' L | АР |
| ALTEST | The electrical equipment shall be capable of operating correctly when the relative humidity does not exceed 50 % at a maximum temperature of +40 °C. Higher relative humidities are permitted at lower temperatures (for example 90 % at 20 °C). | Complied | Р |
| | Harmful effects of occasional condensation shall be avoided by design of the quipment or, where necessary, by additional measures (for example built-in heaters, air conditioners, drain holes). | He Log | N/A |
| 4.4.5 | Altitude | 57 | Р |
| VHA | Electrical equipment shall be capable of operating correctly at altitudes up to 1 000 m above mean sea level. | Complied | P |
| 4.4.6 | Contaminants | L. L. | N/A |
| 4.4.7 | Ionizing and non-ionizing radiation | Complied | Р |
| 4.4.8 | Vibration, shock, and bump | A | Р |
| WHALK. | Undesirable effects of vibration, shock and bump (including those generated by the machine and its associated equipment and those created by the physical environment) shall be avoided by the selection of uitable equipment, by mounting it away from the machine, or by provision of anti-vibration mountings. A special agreement is recommended between the supplier and the user (see Annex B). | Complied | P |
| 4 5 | Transportation and storage | ~ | Р |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

4F,A3 BLDG,The Silicon Valley Power intelligent terminal industrial park,Guan lan street,Longhua district,Shenzhen Tel:+86-755-86615100 Fax:+86-755-86615105 http://www.tianhaitest.com

page 5 of 37

| | EN 60204-1 | R. | |
|---------|--|--|--------|
| Clause | Requirement Test | Result | Verdic |
| | Ri Ri | 2 1 2 | |
| Tanna - | Electrical equipment shall be designed to withstand, or suitable precautions shall be taken to protect against, the effects of transportation and storage temperatures within a range of -25 °C to $+55$ °C and for short periods not exceeding 24 h at up to $+70$ °C. Suitable means shall be provided to prevent damage from humidity, vibration, and shock. A special agreement can be | Complied | P |
| 4.6 | Provisions for handling | 69 | Р |
| MH41 | Heavy and bulky electrical equipment that has to be removed from the machine for transport, or that is independent of the machine, shall be provided with suitable means for handling by cranes or similar equipment. | TANNE ST | P |
| 4.7 | Installation | A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A | Р |
| 4 | Electrical equipment shall be installed in accordance with the | R. | Р |
| 5 | Incoming supply conductor terminations and devices for disc | onnecting and switching off | Р |
| 5.1 | Incoming supply conductor terminations | Non-detachable Power | P |
| 5.2 | Terminal for connection to the external protective earthing system | n | P |
| 5.3 | Supply disconnecting (isolating) device | Plug | P |
| 5.3.1 | General | 1. The second se | Р |
| 5.3.2 | Туре | Power switch | Р |
| 5.3.3 | Requirements | L' L | Р |
| 5.3.4 | Operating means | K H 3 | P P |
| 5.3.5 | Excepted circuits | No such circuits | N/A |
| 5.4 | Devices for switching off for prevention of unexpected start-up | A A | Р |
| 5.5 | Devices for disconnecting electrical equipment | The second secon | P A |
| 5.6 | Protection against unauthorized, inadvertent and/or mistaken con | nection | Р |
| 6 | Protection against electric shock | L L | Р |
| 6.1 | General | Complied | Р |
| 6.2 | Protection against direct contact | A A | P |
| 6.2.1 | General | Complied | P |
| 6.2.2 | Protection by enclosures | N. C. | Р |
| 6.2.3 | Protection by insulation of live parts | ~ | Р |
| 6.2.4 | Protection against residual voltages | 4 | Р |
| 6.2.5 | Protection by barriers | No barriers | N/A |
| 6.2.6 | Protection by placing out of reach or protection by obstacles | A S | N/A |
| 6.3 | Protection against indirect contact | 1ª II | P |
| 6.3.1 | General | A. C. | Р |
| 6.3.2 | Prevention of the occurrence of a touch voltage | ~ | N/A |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 6 of 37

Shenzhen Tian Hai Test Technology Co., Ltd.

| | | | × |
|---------|--|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Clause | Requirement lest | Result | Verdic |
| 5.3.2.1 | General | S. S. | N/A |
| 6.3.2.2 | Protection by provision of class II equipment or by equivalent | A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A | N/A |
| 6.3.2.3 | Protection by electrical separation | Complied | Р |
| 6.3.3 | Protection by automatic disconnection of supply | No such protection methods | N/A |
| 6.4 人 | Protection by the use of PELV | 5 | N/A |
| 6.4.1 | General requirements | | N/A |
| 6.4.2 | Sources for PELV | H H | N/A |
| 7 | Protection of equipment | R. R. | P |
| 7.1 | General | L L | Р |
| 7.2 | Overcurrent protection | R. R. R. | Р |
| 7.2.1 | General | 5 | Р |
| 7.2.2 | Supply conductors | 5 6 | Р |
| 7.2.3 | Power circuits | The H | P |
| 7.2.4 | Control circuits | R. R. | P |
| 7.2.5 | Socket outlets and their associated conductors | No socket outlets | N/A |
| 7.2.6 | Lighting circuits | No lighting circuits | N/A |
| 7.2.7 | Transformers | 15 | P |
| 7.2.8 | Location of overcurrent protective devices | 1 6 | Р |
| 7.2.9 | Overcurrent protective devices | E H Z | Р |
| 7.2.10 | Rating and setting of overcurrent protective devices | R. R. | Р |
| 7.3 | Protection of motors against overheating | CE certification motor | Р |
| 7.4 | Abnormal temperature protection | ~ ~ , | Р |
| 7.5 | Protection against supply interruption or voltage reduction and subsequent Restoration | No such protection | N/A |
| 7.6 | Motor overspeed protection | Step motor | Р |
| 7.7 | Earth fault/residual current protection | A A | N/A |
| 7.8 | Phase sequence protection | L'AN | N/A |
| 7.9 | Protection against overvoltages due to lightning and to switching surges | Not provided | N/A |
| 8 | Equipotential bonding | S | Р |
| 8.1 | General | L' L | Р |
| 8.2 | Protective bonding circuit | L'A | Р |
| 8.2.1 | General | AN AN | P |
| 8.2.2 | Protective conductors | N. N. | P |
| 8.2.3 | Continuity of the protective bonding circuit | 1/2 | Р |
| 8.2.4 | Exclusion of switching devices from the protective bonding | K | Р |

Shenzhen Tian Hai Test Technology Co., Ltd.

| | EN 60204-1 | L' | |
|----------|---|--------------------|--------|
| Clause | Requirement Test | Result | Verdic |
| e1 | Le la | S & K | |
| 8.2.5 | Parts that need not be connected to the protective bonding circuit | LA. | Р |
| 8.2.6 | Protective conductor connecting points | 1 AN | Р |
| 8.2.7 | Mobile machines | Not mobile machine | N/A |
| 8.2.8 | Additional protective bonding requirements for electrical equipment having earth leakage currents higher than 10 mA a.c. or d.c. | 2× 5 | N/A |
| 8.3 | Functional bonding | L L | Р |
| 3.4 | Measures to limit the effects of high leakage current | LI S | P |
| <u>R</u> | Control circuits and control functions | A A | P |
| 9.1 | Control circuits | Complied | Р |
| 9.1.1 | Control circuit supply | 1 de | Р |
| 9.1.2 | Control circuit voltages | ~ | Р |
| 1 | The nominal value of the control voltage shall be consistent with the correct operation of the control circuit. The nominal voltage shall not exceed 277 V when supplied from a transformer. | HI LEI | Р |
| 9.1.3 | Protection | A A | P |
| NHN | Control circuits shall be provided with overcurrent protection in accordance with 7.2.4 and 7.2.10. | A MAN | Р |
| 9.2 | Control functions | | Р |
| 9.2.1 | Start functions | 42 | Р |
| 9.2.2 | Stop functions | 5 | Р |
| L. | There are three categories of stop functions as follows: | 8 8 3 | Р |
| A L | - stop category 0: stopping by immediate removal of power to the machine actuators (i.e. an uncontrolled stop – see 3.56); | WHAT THE | Р |
| | - stop category 1: a controlled stop (see 3.11) with power available to the machine actuators to achieve the stop and then removal of power when the stop is achieved; | 11 5 | N/A |
| 1 | - stop category 2: a controlled stop with power left available to the machine actuators. | 157 AITE | N/A |
| 9.2.3 | Operating modes | One operating mode | Р |
| 9.2.4 | Suspension of safety functions and/or protective measures | N IS | Р |
| 9.2.5 | Operation | R | P |
| 9.2.5.1 | General | | Р |
| 5 | The necessary safety functions and/or protective measures (for example interlocks (see 9.3)) shall be provided for safe operation. | Complied | Р |
| MH4/Y | Measures shall be taken to prevent movement of the machine in an unintended or unexpected manner after any stopping of the machine (for example due to locked-off condition, power supply fault, battery replacement, lost signal condition with cableless control) | Complied | P |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

4F,A3 BLDG,The Silicon Valley Power intelligent terminal industrial park,Guan lan street,Longhua district,Shenzhen Tel:+86-755-86615100 Fax:+86-755-86615105 http://www.tianhaitest.com

page 8 of 37

| | EN 60204- | | 2 |
|-----------|---|---|--------|
| Clause | Requirement Test | Result | Verdic |
| | 21 S | S A | L' |
| NH2 | Where a machine has more than one control station, shall be provided to ensure that initiation of comman different control stations do not lead to a hazardous s | measures ds from ituation. | N/A |
| 9.2.5.2 | Start | The second | P |
| ~ | The start of an operation shall be possible only when relevant safety functions and/or protective measures and are operational | all of the Complied are in place | P |
| 9.2.5.3 | Stop | 22 12 | P |
| 1 KHM | Stop category 0 and/or stop category 1 and/or stop category 0 and/or stop category 1 and/or stop category 1 and/or stop category functions shall be provided as indicated by the r assessment and the functional requirements of the m. 4.1). | achine (see | P |
| 9.2.5.4 | Emergency operations (emergency stop, emergency | switching off) | Р |
| 9.2.5.4.1 | General | Å | Р |
| 9.2.5.4.2 | Emergency stop | L H | АР |
| 4 | Principles for the design of emergency stop equipme including functional aspects, are given in ISO 13850 | nt, | P P |
| INHIN NO | The emergency stop shall function either as a stop ca as a stop category 1 (see 9.2.2). The choice of the sto of the emergency stop depends on the results of a ris assessment of the machine. | tegory 0 or category 0 p category k | R.P. |
| 9.2.5.4.3 | Emergency switching off | 5 | P |
| 9.2.5.5 | Monitoring of command actions | L L L | Р |
| AITES? | Movement or action of a machine or part of a machin result in a hazardous situation shall be monitored by for example, overtravel limiters, motor overspeed de mechanical overload detection or anti-collision device | he that can providing, tection, ees. | K P |
| 9.2.6 | Other control functions | L ^N | Р |
| 9.2.6.1 | Hold-to-run controls | 1 Alexandre | A N/A |
| 4 | Hold-to-run controls shall require continuous actuati control device(s) to achieve operation. | on of the | N/A |
| 9.2.6.2 | Two-hand control | No such control | N/A |
| 9.2.6.3 | Enabling control | No such control | N/A |
| 9.2.6.4 | Combined start and stop controls | AV. | P |
| 9.2.7 | Cableless control | No such control | N/A |
| 9.2.7.1 | General | Å | N/A |
| 9.2.7.2 | Control limitation | L L | N/A |
| | Measures shall be taken to ensure that control comm | ands: | // N/A |
| 9.2.7.3 | Stop | 18 18 | N/A |
| 9.2.7.4 | Use of more than one operator control station | Zi li Zi | N/A |
| 9.2.7.5 | Battery-powered operator control stations | R. Th | N/A |
| | | | NT/A |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 9 of 37

| | EIN 00204-1 | ~ | 2 |
|---------|--|---------------------------|--------|
| Clause | Requirement Test | Result | Verdic |
| | Li li | S & L | |
| 9.3.1 | Reclosing or resetting of an interlocking safeguard | HA, | N/A |
| 9.3.2 | Exceeding operating limits | 1 AN | N/A |
| 0.3.3 | Operation of auxiliary functions | A K | N/A |
| 0.3.4 | Interlocks between different operations and for contrary motions | 1/2 | N/A |
| .3.5 | Reverse current braking | ~ | N/A |
| .4 5 | Control functions in the event of failure | L L | P |
| 9.4.1 | General requirements | P. X | P |
| 1. | Where failures or disturbances in the electrical equipment can cause a hazardous situation or damage to the machine or to the work in progress, appropriate measures shall be taken to minimize the probability of the occurrence of such failures or disturbances. The required measures and the extent to which they are implemented, either individually or in combination, depend on the level of risk associated with the respective application (see 4.1) | Complied | Р |
| WHAITE | The electrical control circuits shall have an appropriate level of safety performance that has been determined from the risk assessment at the machine. The requirements of IEC 62061 and/or ISO 13849-1:1999, ISO 13849-2:2003 shall apply. | Complied | PANA |
| Z | Measures to reduce those risks include but are not limited to: | - K | Р |
| | - protective devices on the machine (for example interlocking guards, trip devices); | ES- | P |
| Å | – protective interlocking of the electrical circuit; | F B | N/A |
| L | - use of proven circuit techniques and components (see 9.4.2.1); | | Р |
| 2 | - provision of partial or complete redundancy (see 9.4.2.2) or diversity (see 9.4.2.3); | NW12 | N/A |
| | – provision for functional tests (see 9.4.2.4). | L' | Р |
| 0.4.2 | Measures to minimize risk in the event of failure | Complied | Р |
| .4.2.1 | Use of proven circuit techniques and components | L L | Р |
| 1 | These measures include but are not limited to: | S. S. | Р |
| ANH AND | - bonding of control circuits to the protective bonding circuit for functional purposes (see 9.4.3.1 and Figure 2); | HAN I HAN | P |
| ス | - connection of control devices in accordance with 9.4.3.1; | AN | P |
| | - stopping by de-energizing (see 9.2.2); | | Р |
| | - the switching of all control circuit conductors to the device being controlled (see 9.4.3.1); | 22 | Р |
| | - switching devices having direct opening action (see IEC 60947-5-1); | No such switching devices | N/A |
| Aly | - circuit design to reduce the possibility of failures causing undesirable operations. | AN AN | P |
| 0.4.2.2 | Provisions of partial or complete redundancy | J. | N/A |
| 1/A | Where off-line redundancy which is not active during normal operation is provided, suitable measures shall be taken to ensure that those control aircuits are available when received | 5 | N/A |

| EN 60204-1 | | | | |
|------------|--|---|------------------|--|
| Clause | Requirement Test | Result | Verdic | |
| | Li Li | S & K | | |
| .4.2.3 | Provision of diversity | S S | N/A | |
| MA | - the combination of normally open and normally closed contacts operated by interlocking guards; | 1 Martin | N/A | |
| .4.2.4 | Provision for functional tests | No. Contraction of the second | P | |
| .4.3 | Protection against maloperation due to earth faults, voltage interru | uptions and loss of circuit | P | |
| .4.3.1 | Earth faults | L. | P | |
| J.I.R. | Earth faults on any control circuit shall not cause unintentional starting, potentially hazardous motions, or prevent stopping of the machine. | Complied | P H H H | |
| | Method a) Control circuits, fed by control transformers: | | Р | |
| MHH IT | 1) In case of earthed control circuit supplies, the common conductor is connected to the protective bonding circuit at the point of supply. All contacts, solid state elements etc., which are intended to operate an electromagnetic or other device (for example, a relay, indicator light) are inserted between one side, the switched conductor of the control circuit supply and one terminal of the coil or device. The other terminal of the coil or device (preferably always having the same marking) is connected directly to the common conductor of the control circuit supply without any switching elements (see Figure 3). | Complied | P | |
| 25 | 2) Control circuits fed from a control transformer and not connected to the protective bonding circuit, having the same arrangement as shown in Figure 3 and provided with a device that interrupts the circuit automatically in the event of an earth fault (see also 7.2.4). | HILL IS | PLSZIK | |
| L. Z | Method b) Control circuits fed from a control transformer with a centre-tapped winding, this centre tap connected to the protective bonding circuit, arranged as shown in Figure 4 with the overcurrent protective device having switching elements in all control circuit supply conductors. | A THE AND A | N/A | |
| 4 | Method c) Where the control circuit is not fed from a control transformer and is either: | A L | N/A | |
| 1417 | 1) directly connected between the phase conductors of an earthed supply, or; | SHI TH | N/A | |
| MAN | 2) directly connected between the phase conductors or between a phase conductor and a neutral conductor of a supply that is not earthed or is earthed through a high impedance, | AWHA. | N/A | |
| | Multi-pole control switches that switch all live conductors are used for START or STOP of those machine functions that can cause a hazardous situation or damage to the machine in the event of unintentional starting or failure to stop, or in the case of c) 2), a device shall be provided that interrupts the circuit automatically in the event of an earth fault. | Legy Legy | N/A | |
| .4.3.2 | Voltage interruptions | Z Z | N/A | |
| .4.3.3 | Loss of circuit continuity | ~ ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ | N/A | |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

4F,A3 BLDG,The Silicon Valley Power intelligent terminal industrial park,Guan lan street,Longhua district,Shenzhen Tel:+86-755-86615100 Fax:+86-755-86615105 http://www.tianhaitest.com

page 11 of 37

| | EN 60204-1 | <i>K</i> ⁱ | |
|--------|--|--|---------|
| Clause | Requirement Test | Result | Verdict |
| | L'i Li | S & K | |
| MMH. | Where the loss of continuity of safety-related control circuits depending upon sliding contacts can result in a hazardous situation, appropriate measures shall be taken (for example by duplication of the sliding contacts). | MHAN TANK | N/A |
| 10 | Operator interface and machine-mounted control devices | A | P |
| 10.1 | General | K | Р |
| 10.1.1 | General device requirements | 4 | Р |
| ALL | This Clause contains requirements for devices mounted outside or partially outside control enclosures. | 17-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12- | P |
| | As far as is practicable, those devices shall be selected, mounted, and identified or coded in accordance with relevant parts of IEC 61310. | Complied | P |
| 10.1.2 | Location and mounting | Complied | Р |
| 10.1.3 | Protection | 5 | Р |
| | The degree of protection (see IEC 60529) together with other appropriate measures shall afford protection against: | Complied | Р |
| 10.1.4 | Position sensors | The second | P |
| NH41 | Position sensors (for example position switches, proximity switches) shall be so arranged that they will not be damaged in the event of overtravel. | Complied | P |
| N. | Position sensors in circuits with safety-related control functions shall have direct opening action (see IEC 60947-5-1) or shall provide similar reliability (see 9.4.2). | Complied | PLSY |
| 10.1.5 | Portable and pendant control stations | 2 | N/A |
| STITES | Portable and pendant operator control stations and their control devices shall be so selected and arranged as to minimize the possibility of inadvertent machine operations caused by shocks and vibrations (for example if the operator control station is dropped or strikes an obstruction) (see also 4.4.8). | A REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF | N/A |
| 10.2 | Push-buttons | Ś | Р |
| 10.2.1 | Colours | Complied | Р |
| 10.2.2 | Markings | Complied | Р |
| TIANH. | In addition to the functional identification as described in 16.3, it is recommended that pushbuttons be marked, near to or preferably directly on the actuators, with the symbols given in Table 3. | Complied | PKHNK |
| 10.3 | Indicator lights and displays | 1 | Р |
| 10.3.1 | General | Complied 9 | Р |
| 10.3.2 | Colours | Complied | Р |
| 10.3.3 | Flashing lights and displays | Complied | Р |
| 10.1 | | 2 | NA |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 12 of 37

| | EN 60204-1 | N. | 2 |
|-------------------|--|--|--------|
| Clause | Requirement Test | Result | Verdic |
| | L'S L'S | S & K | |
| TIANHY - | Illuminated push-button actuators shall be colour-coded in accordance with Tables 2 and 4. Where there is difficulty in assigning an appropriate colour, WHITE shall be used. The colour RED for the emergency stop actuator shall not depend on the illumination of its light. | No such push-buttons | N/A |
| 10.5 | Rotary control devices | | N/A |
| AITEST | Devices having a rotational member, such as potentiometers and selector switches, shall have means of prevention of rotation of the stationary member. Friction alone shall not be considered sufficient. | No such devices | N/A |
| 10.6 | Start devices | F F | R P |
| Å | Actuators used to initiate a start function or the movement of machine elements (for example slides, spindles, carriers) shall be constructed and mounted so as to minimize inadvertent operation. However, mushroom-type actuators may be used for two-hand control (see also ISO 13851). | Complied | Р |
| 10.7 | Emergency stop devices | F S | Р |
| 10.7.1 | Location of emergency stop devices | S E | P |
| N. N. | Devices for emergency stop shall be readily accessible. | Complied | Р |
| 10.7.2 | Types of emergency stop device | A A | P |
| N. | The types of device for emergency stop include: | AN AN | P |
| | - a push-button operated switch with a palm or mushroom head type; | Complied | P |
| 5 | - a pull-cord operated switch; | V 4 3 | N/A |
| L | - a pedal-operated switch without a mechanical guard. | A A | N/A |
| 10.7.3 | Colour of actuators | 2 X | Р |
| ~ | Actuators of emergency stop devices shall be coloured RED. If a background exists immediately around the actuator, then this background shall be coloured YELLOW. See also ISO 13850. | Complied | Р |
| 10.7.4 | Local operation of the supply disconnecting device to effect emer | gency stop | P |
| The second second | The supply disconnecting device may be locally operated to serve stop when: | e the function of emergency | Р |
| F | - it is readily accessible to the operator; and | Complied | P |
| 1 | - it is of the type described in 5.3.2 a), b), c), or d). | Complied | P |
| 10.8 | Emergency switching off devices | | Р |
| 10.8.1 | Location of emergency switching off devices | S | Р |
| | Emergency switching off devices shall be located as necessary for the given application Normally, those devices will be located separate from operator control stations. Where it is necessary to provide a control station with an emergency stop device and an | THAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A | P |
| 1HAN | emergency switching off device, means shall be provided to avoid conflusion between these devices | 1 | |
| 10.8.2 | avoid confusion between these devices. Types of emergency switching off device | A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A | P |

| | EN 60204-1 | N' | - |
|---|--|----------------------|--------|
| Clause | Requirement Test | Result | Verdic |
| | A, A, | S & K | |
| | - a push-button operated switch with a palm or mushroom head type of actuator; | Mr. | Р |
| 11 | – a pull-cord operated switch. | J. J. | Р |
| 0.8.3 | Colour of actuators | Y C | P |
| Å S | Actuators of emergency switching off devices shall be coloured RED. If a background exists immediately around the actuator, then this background shall be coloured YELLOW. | 2 | P |
| 0.8.4 | Local operation of the supply disconnecting device to effect emer | rgency switching off | P |
| N. A. | Where the supply disconnecting device is to be locally operated for emergency switching off, it shall be readily accessible and should meet the colour requirements of 10.8.3. | TIANA I | P |
| 0.9 | Enabling control device | S | N/A |
| 1 | Controlgear: location, mounting, and enclosures | ~ ~ | Р |
| 1.1 | General requirements | S | Р |
| | - its accessibility and maintenance; | 414 | Р |
| ,4 | - its protection against the external influences or conditions | Z. L. | R |
| 17 | under which it is intended to operate; | A A | X |
| Z | - operation and maintenance of the machine and its associated | N | ~ P |
| 1.2 | Location and mounting | A. | Р |
| 1.2.1 | Accessibility and maintenance | 5 | P |
| 1.2.2 | Physical separation or grouping | 2 2 | P |
| TES T | Non-electrical parts and devices, not directly associated with the electrical equipment, shall not be located within enclosures containing controlgear. Devices such as solenoid valves should be separated from the other electrical equipment (for example in a separate compartment). | Complied | Р |
| L | Control devices mounted in the same location and connected to the supply voltage, or to both supply and control voltages, shall be grouped separately from those connected only to the control voltages. | Complied | Р |
| 1.2.3 | Heating effects | L' X | Р |
| 1'AN | Heat generating components (for example heat sinks, power resistors) shall be so located that the temperature of each component in the vicinity remains within the permitted limit. | Complied | PINE |
| 1.3 | Degrees of protection | | Р |
| | The protection of controlgear against ingress of solid foreign objects and of liquids shall be adequate taking into account the external influences under which the machine is intended to operate (i.e. the location and the physical environmental | Complied | Р |
| 4 | conditions) and shall be sufficient against dust, coolants, and | 2 5 | 2 |
| V | swarf. | I I | Z |
| 1.4 🖉 | Enclosures, doors and openings | Complied | Р |
| 1.5 | Access to control gear | , R | N/A |
| | | | |

Shenzhen Tian Hai Test Technology Co., Ltd.

| Clause | Requirement Test | Z Result | Verdic |
|------------|---|---|------------|
| Ciuuse | | S & A | o v cr uit |
| 2.1 | General requirements | E E | Р |
| T TIANH | Conductors and cables shall be selected so as to be suitable for the operating conditions (for example voltage, current, protection against electric shock, grouping of cables) and external influences (for example ambient temperature, presence of water or corrosive substances, mechanical stresses (including stresses during installation), fire hazards) that can exist. | IEC standard cord | P |
| 2.2 | Conductors | Complied | P |
| 2.3 | Insulation | polyvinyl chloride (PVC) | P |
| 2.4 | Current-carrying capacity in normal service | Complied | P |
| 2.5 | Conductor and cable voltage drop | Complied | Р |
| 2.6 | Flexible cables | L' | Р |
| 2.6.1 | General | 6 | Р |
| | Flexible cables shall have Class 5 or Class 6 conductors. | L. K | P |
| 2.6.2 | Mechanical rating | S L | P |
| 2.6.3 | Current-carrying capacity of cables wound on drums | AN IN | N/A |
| 2.7 | Conductor wires, conductor bars and slip-ring assemblies | L' L' | Р |
| 2.7.1 | Protection against direct contact | No. 1 | P |
| 2.7.2 | Protective conductor circuit | L. | Р |
| 2.7.3 | Protective conductor current collectors | K L | N/A |
| Les in the | Protective conductor current collectors shall have a shape or construction so that they are not interchangeable with the other current collectors. Such current collectors shall be of the sliding contact type. | A AND | N/A |
| 2.7.4 | Removable current collectors with a disconnector function | 1ª | N/A |
| ALL ALL | Removable current collectors having a disconnector function shall be so designed that the protective conductor circuit is interrupted only after the live conductors have been disconnected, and the continuity of the protective conductor circuit is re-established before any live conductor is reconnected (see also 8.2.4). | ALLES Y | N/A |
| 2.7.5 | Clearances in air | NY K | P |
| | Clearances between the respective conductors, and between adjacent systems, of conductor wires, conductor bars, slip-ring assemblies and their current collectors shall be suitable for at least a rated impulse voltage of an overvoltage category III in accordance with IEC 60664-1. | Lega L | P |
| 2.7.6 | Creepage distances | J. H | Р |
| 14MHAIN | Creepage distances between the respective conductors, between adjacent systems of conductor wires, conductor bars and slip- ring assemblies, and their current collectors shall be suitable for operation in the intended environment, for example open air | Mary Jaw | P |

| EN 60204-1 | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Clause | Requirement Test | Result | Verdic | | | | |
| s1 | A A | 2 1 2 | | | | | |
| 12.7.7 | Conductor system sectioning | 12 ES | Р | | | | |
| TIANH, | Where conductor wires or conductor bars are arranged so that they can be divided into isolated sections, suitable design measures shall be employed to prevent the energization of adjacent sections by the current collectors themselves.Complied | | | | | | |
| 12.7.8 | Construction and installation of conductor wire, conductor bar systems and slip-ring assemblies | Complied | Р | | | | |
| AITES | Conductor wires, conductor bars and slip-ring assemblies in power circuits shall be grouped separately from those in control circuits. | Complied | N/A | | | | |
| 13 | Wiring practices | F F | P | | | | |
| 13.1 | Connections and routing | | Р | | | | |
| 13.1.1 | General requirements | Complied | Р | | | | |
| 13.1.2 | Conductor and cable runs | | Р | | | | |
| | Conductors and cables shall be run from terminal to terminal without splices or joints. | Line 2 | Р | | | | |
| 13.1.3 | Conductors of different circuits | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | N/A | | | | |
| MITEST II | that the arrangement does not impair the proper functioning of the respective circuits. Where those circuits operate at different voltages, the conductors shall be separated by suitable barriers or shall be insulated for the highest voltage to which any conductor within the same duct can be subjected, for example line to line voltage for unearthed systems and phase to earth voltage for earthed systems. | THE TONIC | 12 LIVE | | | | |
| 13.1.4 ^ | Connection between pick-up and pick-up converter of an inductiv | ve power supply system | N/A | | | | |
| | – as short as practicable; | ~ ~ | N/A | | | | |
| | - adequately protected against mechanical damage. | 19 | | | | | |
| | and famori, Freecond against incommon annuger | | N/A | | | | |
| 13.2 | Identification of conductors | 15 LI | N/A P | | | | |
| 13.2 | Identification of conductors General requirements | Le Line | N/A P P | | | | |
| 13.2 | Identification of conductors General requirements Each conductor shall be identifiable at each termination in accordance with the technical documentation (see Clause 17). | Long Line Line Line Line Line Line Line Line | N/A P P P | | | | |
| 13.2 | Identification of conductors General requirements Each conductor shall be identifiable at each termination in accordance with the technical documentation (see Clause 17). It is recommended (for example to facilitate maintenance) that conductors be identified by number, alphanumeric, colour (either solid or with one or more stripes), or a combination of colour and numbers or alphanumeric. When numbers are used, they shall be Arabic; letters shall be Roman (either upper or lower case). | S HANNEL S | N/A P P P | | | | |
| 13.2 | Identification of conductors General requirements Each conductor shall be identifiable at each termination in accordance with the technical documentation (see Clause 17). It is recommended (for example to facilitate maintenance) that conductors be identified by number, alphanumeric, colour (either solid or with one or more stripes), or a combination of colour and numbers or alphanumeric. When numbers are used, they shall be Arabic; letters shall be Roman (either upper or lower case). Identification of the protective conductor | Complied | N/A P P P P | | | | |
| 13.2 13.2.1 13.2.2 13.2.2 13.2.3 | Identification of conductorsGeneral requirementsEach conductor shall be identifiable at each termination in accordance with the technical documentation (see Clause 17).It is recommended (for example to facilitate maintenance) that conductors be identified by number, alphanumeric, colour (either solid or with one or more stripes), or a combination of colour and numbers or alphanumeric. When numbers are used, they shall be Arabic; letters shall be Roman (either upper or lower case).Identification of the protective conductorIdentification of the neutral conductor | Complied | N/A P P P P | | | | |
| 13.2 13.2.1 13.2.1 13.2.2 13.2.2 13.2.3 13.2.4 | Identification of conductorsGeneral requirementsEach conductor shall be identifiable at each termination in accordance with the technical documentation (see Clause 17).It is recommended (for example to facilitate maintenance) that conductors be identified by number, alphanumeric, colour (either solid or with one or more stripes), or a combination of colour and numbers or alphanumeric. When numbers are used, they shall be Arabic; letters shall be Roman (either upper or lower case).Identification of the protective conductorIdentification of the neutral conductorIdentification by colour | Complied Complied Complied | N/A P P P P P P P | | | | |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 16 of 37

| | EN 60204-1 | R | |
|--------|--|----------|---------|
| Clause | Requirement Test | Result | Verdict |
| | Li Li Li | 2 ~ ~ | |
| 2 | Conductors inside enclosures shall be supported where necessary to keep them in place. | Complied | Р |
| 13.4 | Wiring outside enclosures | The St | Р |
| 13.4.1 | General requirements | K | P |
| Ś | The means of introduction of cables or ducts with their individual glands, bushings, etc., into an enclosure shall ensure that the degree of protection is not reduced (see 11.3). | Complied | P |
| 13.4.2 | External ducts | 31 | N/A |
| 13.4.3 | Connection to moving elements of the machine | L Z | N/A |
| 13.4.4 | Interconnection of devices on the machine | E E S | N/A |
| , | Where several machine-mounted switching devices (for example position sensors, pushbuttons) are connected in series or in parallel, it is recommended that the connections between those devices be made through terminals forming intermediate test points. Such terminals shall be conveniently placed, adequately protected, and shown on the relevant diagrams. | ALT ROAM | N/A |
| 13.4.5 | Plug/socket combinations | S E | P |
| 13.4.6 | Dismantling for shipment | LY IN | N/A |
| 13.4.7 | Additional conductors | A. | N/A |
| × 1/2 | Consideration should be given to providing additional conductors for maintenance or repair. When spare conductors are provided, they shall be connected to spare terminals or isolated in such a manner as to prevent contact with live parts. | 17 ES | N/A |
| 13.5 | Ducts, connection boxes and other boxes | 4 2 | N/A |
| 13.5.1 | General requirements | E E | N/A |
| X. X | Ducts shall provide a degree of protection suitable for the application (see IEC 60529). | L.S. | N/A |
| 13.5.2 | Percentage fill of ducts | ~ | N/A |
| 13 5 3 | Consideration of the percentage fill of ducts should be based on the straightness and length of the duct and the flexibility of the conductors. | Le Hill | N/A |
| 13.3.3 | | A A | |
| 12.5.4 | Rigid metal conduit and fittings shall be of galvanized steel or of a corrosion-resistant material suitable for the conditions. | N. L. | N/A |
| 13.3.4 | Flexible metal conduit and fittings | | N/A |
| K O | A flexible metal conduit shall consist of a flexible metal tubing or woven wire armour. It shall be suitable for the expected physical environment. | THE A | N/A |
| 13.5.5 | Flexible non-metallic conduit and fittings | L. L | N/A |
| HALX. | Flexible non-metallic conduit shall be resistant to kinking and shall have physical characteristics similar to those of the sheath of multiconductor cables. | AN AN AN | N/A |
| 13.5.6 | Cable trunking systems | L.Y. | N/A |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

4F,A3 BLDG,The Silicon Valley Power intelligent terminal industrial park,Guan lan street,Longhua district,Shenzhen

page 17 of 37

Tel:+86-755-86615100 Fax:+86-755-86615105 http://www.tianhaitest.com

| | EN 60204-1 | K' | |
|---------|---|-----------|------------|
| Clause | Requirement Test | Result | Verdic |
| | Le la | S & K | |
| Nr. | Cable trunking systems external to enclosures shall be rigidly supported and clear of all moving or contaminating portions of the machine. | ANHA CANA | N/A |
| 13.5.7 | Machine compartments and cable trunking systems | N. X. | N/A |
| 100 | The use of compartments or cable trunking systems within the column or base of a machine to enclose conductors is permitted provided the compartments or cable trunking systems are isolated from coolant or oil reservoirs and are entirely enclosed. | T TIA | N/A |
| 13.5.8 | Connection boxes and other boxes | S: X | N/A |
| THIN . | Connection boxes and other boxes used for wiring purposes shall be accessible for maintenance. Those boxes shall provide protection against the ingress of solid bodies and liquids, taking into account the external influences under which the machine is intended to operate | TIAN TANK | N/A |
| 13.5.9 | Motor connection boxes | 5 | N/A |
| ~ | Motor connection boxes shall enclose only connections to the motor and motor-mounted devices | 14 S. | N/A |
| 14 4 | Electric motors and associated equipment | 1 | Р |
| 14.1 | General requirements | NY IN | P |
| ANK | Electric motors should conform to the relevant parts of IEC 60034 series. | Complied | Р |
| ~ | The protection requirements for motors and associated equipment are given in 7.2 for overcurrent protection, in 7.3 for overload protection, and in 7.6 for overspeed protection. | Complied | ITESA A |
| AITES T | As many controllers do not switch off the supply to a motor when it is at rest, care shall be taken to ensure compliance with the requirements of 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 7.5, 7.6 and 9.4. Motor control equipment shall be located and mounted in accordance with Clause 11. | Complied | Р |
| 14.2 | Motor enclosures | ~ | Р |
| | It is recommended that motor enclosures be chosen from those included in IEC 60034-5. | Complied | Р |
| 14.3 | Motor dimensions | P. X | Р |
| N.Y.N. | As far as is practicable, the dimensions of motors shall conform to those given in the IEC 60072 series | Complied | P |
| 14.4 | Motor mounting and compartments | 3 | P |
| K.0 | Each motor and its associated couplings, belts, pulleys, or chains, shall be so mounted that they are adequately protected and are easily accessible for inspection, maintenance, adjustment and alignment, lubrication, and replacement. The motor mounting arrangement shall be such that all motor hold- down means can be removed and all terminal boxes are | Complied | Р |
| | accessible. | E E | R |
| 14.5 | Criteria for motor selection | K X | ~P |
| 1 AM | The characteristics of motors and associated equipment shall be selected in accordance with the anticipated service and physical | Complied | Р |
| | environmental conditions (see 4.4). | 5 | 0 |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 18 of 37

| | EN 00204-1 | ~ | - 27 |
|--|---|--|---------|
| Clause | Requirement Test | Result | Verdict |
| | Li Li h | 2 1 2 | |
| 14.6 | Protective devices for mechanical brakes | A H | P |
| VI. | Operation of the overload and overcurrent protective devices for | Complied | Р |
| Z | mechanical brake actuators shall initiate the simultaneous de- | J' L' | 2 |
| 15 | Accessories and lighting | N. Contraction of the second s | N/A |
| 15.1 | Accessories | ~ ~ | N/A |
| 6 | the secled and the should are from to IEC (0200.1 Where thet | S | |
| ALTE | is not practicable, they should be clearly marked with the voltage and current ratings; | FS- | N/A |
| | - the continuity of the protective bonding circuit to the socket- outlet shall be ensured except where protection is provided by PELV; | 12 Mar | N/A |
| X | - all unearthed conductors connected to the socket-outlet shall be protected against overcurrent and, when required, against overload in accordance with 7.2 and 7.3 separately from the protection of other circuits; | 1594 | N/A |
| HAITES | - where the power supply to the socket-outlet is not disconnected by the supply disconnecting device for the machine or the section of the machine, the requirements of 5.3.5 apply. | 124MH | N/A |
| 15.2 | Local lighting of the machine and equipment | Z | N/A |
| 15.2.1 | General | A | N/A |
| 4 | Connections to the protective bonding circuit shall be in accordance with 8.2.2. | L'H | N/A |
| ES | The ON/OFF switch shall not be incorporated in the lampholder or in the flexible connecting cords. | E LI M | N/A |
| T i | Stroboscopic effects from lights shall be avoided by the selection of appropriate luminaires. | The The | N/A |
| 15.2.2 | Supply | N. A. | N/A |
| 4 | The nominal voltage of the local lighting circuit shall not exceed 250 V between conductors. A voltage not exceeding 50 V between conductors is recommended. | 1 120 | N/A |
| VH417 | - a dedicated isolating transformer connected to the load side of the supply disconnecting device. Overcurrent protection shall be provided in the secondary circuit; | AWH | N/A |
| N. N | - a dedicated isolating transformer connected to the line side of the supply disconnecting device. That source shall be permitted for maintenance lighting circuits in control enclosures only. Overcurrent protection shall be provided in the secondary circuit (and also 5.2.5 and 12.1.2): | 14M | N/A |
| o` | - a machine circuit with dedicated overcurrent protection: | L. L. L | N/A |
| WHAT | - an isolating transformer connected to the line side of the supply disconnecting device, provided with a dedicated primary disconnecting means (see 5.3.5) and secondary overcurrent protection, and mounted within the control enclosure adjacent to the supply disconnecting device (see also 13.1.3): | State of the second sec | N/A |
| 15.0.0 | Destastion | ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ | N/A |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

4F,A3 BLDG,The Silicon Valley Power intelligent terminal industrial park,Guan lan street,Longhua district,Shenzhen Tel:+86-755-86615100 Fax:+86-755-86615105 http://www.tianhaitest.com

page 19 of 37

Shenzhen Tian Hai Test Technology Co., Ltd.

| EN 60204-1 | | | | |
|--------------|---|--------------------------------------|---------|--|
| Clause | Requirement Test | Result | Verdict | |
| | 67 | 9 L L | | |
| 2 | Local lighting circuits shall be protected in accordance with 7.2.6. | SHI MA | N/A | |
| 15.2.4 | Fittings | The second | N/A | |
| N | - in accordance with the relevant IEC standard; | A | N/A | |
| , | - constructed with an insulating material protecting the lamp cap so as to prevent unintentional contact. | K A | N/A | |
| 16 5 | Marking, warning signs and reference designations | 4 | Р | |
| 16.1 | General | S. K | P | |
| N. N. | Warning signs, nameplates, markings, and identification plates shall be of sufficient durability to withstand the physical environment involved. | Complied | Р | |
| 16.2 | Warning signs | 1 K | Р | |
| 16.2.1 | Electric shock hazard | Å | Р | |
| L | Enclosures that do not otherwise clearly show that they contain electrical equipment that can give rise to a risk of electric shock shall be marked with the graphical symbol IEC 60417-5036 (DB:2002-10). | Complied | P | |
| HA I | The warning sign shall be plainly visible on the enclosure door or cover. | L'IL MAN | P | |
| R | The warning sign may be omitted (see also 6.2.2 b)) for: | LIN | Р | |
| ~ | - an enclosure equipped with a supply disconnecting device; | 5 | Р | |
| | - an operator-machine interface or control station; | L' L | Р | |
| ES | - a single device with its own enclosure (for example position sensor). | E LE I | Р | |
| 16.2.2 | Hot surfaces hazard | A A | Р | |
| , X | Where the risk assessment shows the need to warn against the possibility of hazardous surface temperatures of the electrical equipment, the graphical symbol IEC 60417-5041 (DB:2002-10) shall be used. | LIN | Р | |
| 16.3 | Functional identification | A 5 | Р | |
| TIANHAN TANK | Control devices, visual indicators, and displays (particularly those related to safety) shall be clearly and durably marked with regard to their functions either on or adjacent to the item. Such markings may be as agreed between the user and the supplier of the equipment (see Annex B). Preference should be given to the use of standard symbols given in IEC 60417-DB:2002 and ISO 7000. | A MARINA A | P | |
| 16.4 | Marking of equipment | HI I | P | |
| | – name or trade mark of supplier; | S. | Р | |
| 4 | - certification mark, when required; | N. K. | P | |
| A. | – serial number, where applicable; | See in the manual | P | |
| HNK | - rated voltage, number of phases and frequency (if a.c.), and full-load current for each supply: | 200V~240V/100V~120V AC, 2A, 0.6kw | Р | |
| ~ | - short-circuit rating of the equipment; | .,,, | N/A | |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 20 of 37

| | | | 127 | | | | | |
|----------|--|--|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Clause | Requirement Test | Result | Verdic | | | | | |
| | L'ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL AL | S & K | | | | | | |
| 2 | – main document number (see IEC 62023). | L' ES | Р | | | | | |
| 16.5 | Reference designations | A W | Р | | | | | |
| 1/A | All enclosures, assemblies, control devices, and components shall be plainly identified with the same reference designation as | | | | | | | |
| 17 | shown in the technical documentation. | ~ ~ | p | | | | | |
| 18 5 | Varification | - S | D | | | | | |
| 18.1 | Conerol | 6 | D D | | | | | |
| 10.1 | | 2 2 | P | | | | | |
| | a) verification that the electrical equipment complies with its technical documentation; | The state of the s | Z P | | | | | |
| k | b) in case of protection against indirect contact by automatic disconnection, conditions for protection by automatic disconnection shall be verified according to 18.2; | T T | N/A | | | | | |
| | c) insulation resistance test (see 18.3); | 24 | Р | | | | | |
| | d) voltage test (see 18.4); | 5 | Р | | | | | |
| 4 | e) protection against residual voltage (see 18.5); | S E | P | | | | | |
| 12 | f) functional tests (see 18.6). | X X | P | | | | | |
| Z | The results of the verification shall be documented. | A A | Р | | | | | |
| 18.2 | Verification of conditions for protection by automatic disconnecti | ion of supply | N/A | | | | | |
| 18.2.1 | General | 2 | N/A | | | | | |
| 18.2.2 | Test methods in TN-systems | 5 | N/A | | | | | |
| SH SH | Test 1 – Verification of the continuity of the protective bonding circuit | ALL ALL | N/A | | | | | |
| Č Ž | Test 2 – Fault loop impedance verification and suitability of the associated overcurrent protective device | A.V. | N/A | | | | | |
| 18.2.3 | Application of the test methods for TN-systems | ~ ~ | N/A | | | | | |
| 18.3 | Insulation resistance tests | les | Р | | | | | |
| HANNA IN | When insulation resistance tests are performed, the insulation resistance measured at 500 V d.c. between the power circuit conductors and the protective bonding circuit shall be not less than 1 M.The test may be made on individual sections of the complete electrical installation. | See table 18.3 | P | | | | | |
| 18.4 | Voltage tests | S | N P | | | | | |
| L | When voltage tests are performed, test equipment in accordance with IEC 61180-2 should be used. | See table 18.4 | Р | | | | | |
| 18.5 | Protection against residual voltages | . H L | P | | | | | |
| | Where appropriate, tests shall be performed to ensure compliance with 6.2.4. | Complied | Р | | | | | |
| 18.6 | Functional tests | R R | P | | | | | |
| | | ~ | D | | | | | |
| L | The functions of electrical equipment shall be tested. | The second secon | r | | | | | |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 21 of 37

Shenzhen Tian Hai Test Technology Co., Ltd.

| • | EN 60204-1 | 1 | | | | |
|--------------|--|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Clause | Requirement Test Result | Verdict | | | | |
| | S. S. LA | 1 | | | | |
| 18.7 | Retesting | N/A | | | | |
| I | Where a portion of the machine and its associated equipment is | N/A | | | | |
| R | changed or modified, that portion shall be reverified and | 3 | | | | |
| Annex A | Protection against indirect contact in TN-systems | N/A | | | | |
| A.1 | General | N/A | | | | |
| A.2 | Conditions for protection by automatic disconnection of the | 4 | | | | |
| A.3 | Condition for protection by reducing the touch voltage below 50 V | N/A | | | | |
| A 4 | Verification of conditions for protection by automatic disconnection of the supply | N/A | | | | |
| Δ <i>Δ</i> 1 | General | | | | | |
| A. 4.2 | Magnument of the foult loss immedance | | | | | |
| A.4.2 | | | | | | |
| A.4.3 | Consideration of the difference between the measured value of resistance of the conductors and the actual value under fault conditions | N/A | | | | |
| Annex B | Enquiry form for the electrical equipment of machines | P | | | | |
| TIANHALT, | It is recommended that the following information be provided by the intended user of the equipment. It can facilitate an agreement between the user and supplier on basic conditions and additional user requirements to enable proper design, application and utilization of the electrical equipment of the machine (see 4.1) | P HH | | | | |
| Annex C | Examples of machines covered by this part of IEC 60204 | Р | | | | |
| T ILES | Examples of machines covered by this part of IEC 60204 The following list shows examples of machines whose electrical equipment should conform to this part of IEC 60204. The list is not intended to be exhaustive but is consistent with the definition of machinery (3.35). This part of IEC 60204 need not be applied to machines that are household and similar domestic appliances within the scope of the IEC 60335 series of | | | | | |
| Annex D | Current-carrying capacity and overcurrent protection of conductors and cables in the | Р | | | | |
| HALL | electrical equipment of machines The purpose of this Annex is to provide additional information on the selection of conductor sizes where the conditions given | Р | | | | |
| A. | for Table 6 (see Clause 12) have to be modified (see notes to | The | | | | |
| D.1 | General operating conditions | ГР | | | | |
| D11 | Ambient air temperature | P | | | | |
| < | The current carrying capacity for PVC insulated conductors | P | | | | |
| 2 | given in Table 6 is related to an ambient air temperature of +40 °C. For other ambient air temperatures, the correction factors are given in Table D.1. | N. | | | | |
| D.1.2 | Methods of installation | P | | | | |
| D.1.3 | Grouping | Р | | | | |
| I.S. | Where more loaded conductors in cables or conductor pairs are installed, derate the values of Iz, given in Table 6 or by the manufacturer in accordance with Tables D 2 or D 3 | Р | | | | |
| new Ne T | | 1 | | | | |

| 2 | EN 60204-1 | IN I | |
|---------|---|--|---------|
| Clause | Requirement Test | Result | Verdict |
| | 5 | S. L. L | 7 |
| D.2 | Co-ordination between conductors and protective devices pro overload protection | oviding | Р |
| D.3 | Overcurrent protection of conductors | The states of th | Р |
| Annex E | Explanation of emergency operation functions | A | P |
| | Emergency stop | | Р |
| Ś | An emergency operation intended to stop a process or a movement that has become hazardous. | | Р |
| 1 | Emergency start | S. X | P |
| L.L. | An emergency operation intended to start a process or a movement to remove or to avoid a hazardous situation. | ANN ANN | P |
| | Emergency switching off | A. | Р |
| | An emergency operation intended to switch off the supply of electrical energy to all or a part of an installation where a risk electric shock or another risk of electrical origin is involved. | c of | Р |
| | Emergency switching on | A E G | Р |
| ALTE. | An emergency operation intended to switch on the supply of electrical energy to a part of an installation that is intended to used for emergency situations. | be | PXNB |
| Annex F | Guide for the use of this part of IEC 60204 | A A | Р |
| F.I | General | AN AN | Р |

| TABLE: 18.3 | Insulation resist | S P | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Test points | X | 12 22 | Managurad value | Limit |
| From | 4 | To S | Weasured value | |
| Line &neutral | AN. | Metal Enclosure | >100MΩ | 1MΩ |
| Line &neutral | | Plastic Enclosure | >100MΩ | 1 M Ω |

| TABLE: 18.4 | Eectric streng | th measurer | nents S | | S | Р |
|----------------------|-----------------|-------------|---------|------|----------------------|-----------|
| Test voltage applied | l between: | 5 | ALL | 5 | Test voltage (V rms) | Breakdown |
| Line &neutral to Me | etal Enclosure | All | ANY | 1417 | 1000 | No |
| Line &neutral to Pla | astic Enclosure | W. | ~ | AN | 1000 | No |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 23 of 37

| | EN 62471: 2008 | 13 | 4 |
|--------|---|---|---------|
| Clause | Requirement + Test | Result - Remark | Verdict |
| E. | 24 10 12 | | |
| 4 | EXPOSURE LIMITS | Little Mark | P |
| 4.1 | General S | Nr. R | P |
| 13 | The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure | Hazard Level: 1catagory hazard (Low hazard) | PR |
| | Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds 10^4 cdm ⁻² | See clause 4.3 | Р |
| 4.3 🔗 | Hazard exposure limits | i X Li | Р 🔍 |
| 4.3.1 | Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye | No UV hazard | N/A |
| HY. | The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is 30 J m ⁻² within any 8-hour period | IL IN | N/A |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 24 of 37

| lause | Requirement + Test | Result - Remark | Verdio |
|----------|---|--|--------|
| | 5 | S. L L | 4 |
| TIANHA I | To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ultraviolet radiation exposure produced by a broadband source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance, Es, of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by: | CITINAL CONTRACTOR | N/A |
| 2× | $E_{\rm s} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{\rm UV}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 30 \qquad \qquad \text{J·m}^{-2}$ | ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ | N/A |
| 1A17E | The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by: | WHAN I | N/A |
| | $t_{\rm max} = \frac{30}{E_{\rm S}} \qquad {\rm S}$ | The The State | N/A |
| .3.2 | Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye | ~ ~ | N/A |
| AITEST | For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 1000 J m ⁻² for exposure times less than 1000 s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, Euva, shall not exceed 10 W m ⁻² | 0. States and the states of th | N/A |
| INN'S | he permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by: | L. M. | N/A |
| 1 S | $t_{\max} \le \frac{10\ 000}{E_{\text{UVA}}} \qquad \text{s}$ | ET E | N/A |
| .3.3 | Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit | 11 | Р |
| 1 AN | To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue- light hazard function, $B(\lambda)$, i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance, LB, shall not exceed the levels defined by: | II IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII | Р |
| HAITES | $L_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^6 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$ | for t $\leq 10^4$ s $t_{\text{max}} = \frac{10^6}{L_B}$ | Р |
| 11gh | $L_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \qquad {\rm W} \cdot {\rm m}^{-2} \cdot {\rm sr}^{-1}$ | 1 MARINE | N/A |
| .3.4 | Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source | ~ | N/A |
| ć | Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye E_{λ} , weighted against the blue-light hazard function $B(\lambda)$ shall not exceed the levels defined by: | 1911 1111 1111 1111 | N/A |
| HAITE | $E_{\rm B} \cdot t = \sum_{\alpha=0}^{700} \sum_{\lambda} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \rm J \cdot m^{-2}$ | Ner IN | N/A |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 25 of 37

| lause | Requirement + Test | Result - Remark | Verdic |
|---------|---|---|---------|
| 4 | S. B. | Sin | H |
| 14MH | $E_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 1 \qquad \rm W \cdot m^{-1}$ | 2 HANNE TI | N/A |
| .3.5 | Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit | N. N. | P |
| 121 EST | To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted by the burn hazard weighting functio (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn h weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels by: | e, Lλ, on R(λ) nazard defined | P P |
| Na | $L_{\rm H} = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0,25}} \qquad W \cdot m^{-2}$ | $(10 \ \mu s \le t \le 10 \ s)$ | HWE L |
| .3.6 | Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak | visual stimulus | Р |
| AITEST | For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, Lir, as viewed b for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be li | source activate by the eye mited to: | TIANL - |
| MKI, | $L_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{6000}{\alpha} \qquad W \cdot m^{-2}$ | 2 · sr ⁻¹ | P |
| .3.7 | Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the | ne eye | Р |
| 1 AND | The avoid thermal injury of the cornea and pos delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, EIR, over the wavelength range 780 r 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed: | ssible d nm to | P |
| ALTEST | $E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta\lambda \le 18000 \cdot t^{-0.75} \qquad W \cdot t$ | m ⁻² | N/A |
| Ľ | For times greater than 1000 s the limit become | es: | P |
| LIN . | $E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \rm W \cdot m^{-2}$ | I TANK | ENRI |
| .3.8 | Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin | 5 | Р |
| | Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to: | to | P |
| HAITES | $E_{H} \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 20000 \cdot t^{0,25} \qquad J \cdot I$ | m ⁻² | P P |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 26 of 37

Shenzhen Tian Hai Test Technology Co., Ltd.

| Clause | Requirement + Test | Result - Remark | Verdic |
|---------|--|-------------------------|--------|
| 1 | S. (9) | S. L L | 4 |
| 5 | MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYS | TEMS | Р |
| 5.1 | Measurement conditions | L. L. | P |
| ~ | Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification. | ST THAT | P |
| 5.1.1 | Lamp ageing (seasoning) | Not lamp | N/A |
| KIN | Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard. | L. M. | N/A |
| 5.1.2 | Test environment | L. L. | N/A |
| TIAN. | For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations. | L'S L'S | N/A |
| 5.1.3 | Extraneous radiation | No extraneous radiation | N/A |
| ITES , | Careful checks should be made to ensure that extraneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results. | AWA | N/A |
| 5.1.4 | Lamp operation | K. K | N/A |
| 181 | Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with: | L | N/A |
| | -the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or | 8 | N/A |
| K | -the manufacturer's recommendation | 5 | N/A |
| 5.1.5 | Lamp system operation | Not lamp system | N/A |
| AN AN | The power source for operation of the test lamp shallbe provided in accordance with: | MAN LIN | N/A |
| | -the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or | 1ª | N/A |
| L | -the manufacturer's recommendation | A Start | N/A |
| 5.2 | Measurement procedure | L L | Р |
| 5.2.1 | Irradiance measurements | La La | Р |
| Z. | Minimum aperture diameter 7mm. | ANN AND | P |
| X | Maximum aperture diameter 50 mm. | No. No. | P |
| | The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading. | N. A. | λ P |
| | The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated. | 5 | Р |
| 5.2.2 | Radiance measurements | | P |
| 5.2.2.1 | Standard method | The H | N/A |
| K | The measurements made with an optical system. | R R | N/A |
| TANK | The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the field of view of | L. L. | N/A |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

| Clause | Requirement + Test | Result - Remark | Vordie |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|------------------|
| Clause | | Result - Remark | 6 veruit |
| | K K K | 19 19 H | |
| 5.2.2.2 | Alternative method | | P |
| Law | Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irradiance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radiance measurements. | AWHA. | 141 |
| 5.2.3 | Measurement of source size | ~ ~ | P |
| 75.07 | The determination of α , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source. | 1.15 1.17 1.17 | P |
| 5.2.4 | Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources | Continuous source | N/A |
| i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | The determination of Δt , the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value. | The I | N/A |
| 5.3 | Analysis methods | A | Р |
| 5.3.1 | Weighting curve interpolations | 44 4 | Р |
| 417EST | To standardize interpolated values, use linear interpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired. | LAWER STAND | PINN |
| 5.3.2 | Calculations | AN CONTRACT | Р |
| 25 | The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy. | The state | NFS7 d |
| 5.3.3 | Measurement uncertainty | F H | S P |
| L'IN | The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty. | A NEW | Р |
| 6 | LAMP CLASSIFICATION | A REAL | Р |
| 5 | For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows: | see table 6.1 | Р |
| I INHINAL | - for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either irradiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm | MHHH SHIMHH | N/A |
| | - for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm | 200 mm used | μ ^ν ρ |
| 6.1 | Continuous wave lamps | 4 | Р |
| 6.1.1 | Exempt Group | S & 9 | Р |
| HANTER. | In the exempt group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose: | See table 6.1 | P |
| NAN | – an actinic ultraviolet hazard (Es) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor | L. M. | N/A |
| ~ | – a near-UV hazard (Euva) within 1000 s, (about 16 | 6 | N/A |

| | EN 62471:2008 | N. | 1.2 |
|------------|--|-----------------|--------|
| Clause | Requirement + Test | Result - Remark | Verdic |
| | | 2 × × | 4 |
| LAL. | – a retinal blue-light hazard (L^B) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor | MIL STATISTICS | Р |
| M | – a retinal thermal hazard (L $_{ m R}$) within 10 s, nor | 12 IS | Р |
| Ľ. | – an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 1000 s | No. | N/A |
| 6.1.2 | Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk) | K | N/A |
| ES | In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for the exempt group but that does not pose: | 10 | N/A |
| (1×1) | – an actinic ultraviolet hazard (Es) within 10000 s, nor | LI MA | N/A |
| 2 | – a near ultraviolet hazard (Euva) within 300 s, nor | The start | N/A |
| 0 | – a retinal blue-light hazard (LB) within 100 s, nor | 12 | N/A |
| N | – a retinal thermal hazard (LR) within 10 s, nor | ~ | N/A |
| | - an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E _{IR}) within 100 s | 4 Le A | N/A |
| ITES, | Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (LIR), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1. | AWA ANALA | N/A |
| 5.1.3 | Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk) | K. K. | N/A |
| 1AN | This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose: | 13 | N/A |
| | – an actinic ultraviolet hazard (Es) within 1000 s exposure, nor | 12 h | N/A |
| 6 | – a near ultraviolet hazard (Euva) within 100 s, nor | X S | N/A |
| 4 | – a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor | ALL ALL | N/A |
| 1/2 | – a retinal thermal hazard (LR) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor | 1 L | N/A |
| | - an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (EIR) within 10 s | | N/A |
| 17 E.G. | Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (LIR), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2. | ALTE ST | N/A |
| 5.1.4 | Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) | 11 N | N/A |
| N. S. | Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3. | The second | N/A |
| 5.2 | Pulsed lamps | 2 | N/A |
| | Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and to any group of pulses within 0.25 s. | S | N/A |
| 40 | A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer. | Les Miller | N/A |
| L'AN | The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows: | LIN MAN | N/A |
| 1 AM | – a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) | L. L. | N/A |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 29 of 37

| 5 | EN 62471:2008 | 1/4 | |
|--------|--|---|---------|
| Clause | Requirement + Test | Result - Remark | Verdict |
| | L. L. | S. K. K | 4 |
| ANHA, | for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group | ANNI ANNI ANNI ANNI ANNI ANNI ANNI ANNI | N/A |
| 17697 | for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission | 11 19 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | N/A |

| Wavelength₁ λ, nm | WavelengthUV hazard function λ , nm $S_{uv}(\lambda)$ | | UV hazard function S _{υν} (λ) |
|----------------------|---|-------|---|
| 200 | 0.030 | 313* | 0.006 |
| 205 | 0.051 | 315 | 0.003 |
| 210 | 0.075 | 316 | 0.0024 |
| 215 | 0.095 | 317 | 0.0020 |
| 220 | 0.120 | 318 | 0.0016 |
| 225 | 0.150 | 319 | 0.0012 |
| 230 | 0.190 | 320 | 0.0010 |
| 235 | 0.240 | 322 | 0.00067 |
| 240 🔿 | 0.300 | 323 | 0.00054 |
| 245 | 0.360 | 325 | 0.00050 |
| 250 | 0.430 | 328 | 0.00044 |
| 254* | 0.500 | 330 | 0.00041 |
| 255 | 0.520 | 333* | 0.00037 |
| 260 | 0.650 | 335 | 0.00034 |
| 265 | 0.810 | 340 | 0.00028 |
| 270 | 1.000 | 345 | 0.00024 |
| 275 | 0.960 | 350 | 0.00020 |
| 280* | 0.880 | 355 | 0.00016 |
| 285 | 0.770 | 360 | 0.00013 |
| 290 | 0.640 | 365* | 0.00011 |
| 295 | 0.540 | 370 | 0.000093 |
| 297* | 0.460 | 375 🔊 | 0.000077 |
| 300 | 0.300 | 380 | 0.000064 |
| 303* | 0.120 | 385 | 0.000053 |
| 305 | 0.060 | 390 | 0.000044 |
| 308 | 0.026 | 395 | 0.000036 |
| 310 | 0.015 | 400 | 0.000030 |

Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths.

* Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 30 of 37

| Wavelength nm | Blue-light hazard function B (λ) | Burn hazard function R (λ) |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| 300 | 0.01 | 65 |
| 305 9 | 0.01 | Lu X |
| 310 | 0.01 | 4 |
| 315 | 0.01 | I I |
| 320 | 0.01 | NBN |
| 325 | 0.01 | L' À |
| 330 | 0.01 | ~ |
| 335 | 0.01 | 4 |
| 340 | 0.01 | L L |
| 345 | 0.01 | y x |
| 350 | 0.01 | 1 1 |
| 355 | 0.01 | K K |
| 360 | 0.01 | N. N. |
| 365 | 0.01 | AN A |
| 370 | 0.01 | 4 |
| 375 🔨 | 0.01 | 5 |
| 380 | 0.01 | 0.1 |
| 385 | 0.013 | 0.13 |
| 390 | 0.025 | 0.25 |
| 395 | 0.05 | 0.5 |
| 400 | 0.10 | 1.0 |
| 405 | 0.20 | 2.0 |
| 410 | 0.40 | 4.0 |
| 415 | 0.80 | 8.0 |
| 420 | 0.90 | 9.0 |
| 425 | 0.95 | 9.5 |
| 430 | 0.98 | 9.8 |
| 435 | 1.00 | 10.0 |
| 440 | 1.00 | 10.0 |
| 445 | 0.97 | 9.7 |
| 450 | 0.94 | 9.4 |
| 455 | 0.90 | 9.0 |
| 460 | 0.80 | 8.0 |
| 465 | 0.70 | 7.0 |
| 470 | 0.62 | 6.2 |
| 475 | 0.55 | 5.5 |
| 480 | 0.45 | 4.5 |
| 485 | 0.40 | 4.0 |
| 490 | 0.22 | 2.2 |
| 495 | 0.16 | 1.6 |
| 500-600 | 10 ^[(450-λ)/50] | 1.0 |
| 600-700 | 0.001 | 1.0 |
| 700-1050 | 22 | 10 ^[(700-λ)/500] |
| 1050-1150 | L' L' | 0.2 |
| 1150-1200 | | 0.2.10 ^{0.02(1150-λ)} |

Table 5.4

Summary of the ELs for the surface of the skin or cornea (irradiance based values)

page 31 of 37

Ρ

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02



| N N | L' | N | N | ~ ~ ~ | 2 |
|----------------------------|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Hazard Name | Relevant equation | Wavelength range nm | Exposure duration sec | Limiting aperture rad (deg) | EL in terms of constant irradiance W∙m ⁻² |
| Actinic UV skin & eye | $ES = \sum E \lambda \bullet S(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$ | 200-400 | < 30000 | 1.4 (80) | 30/t |
| Eye UV-A | ΕUVΑ = ΣΕλ • Δλ | 315-400 | ≤1000 >1000 | 1.4 (80) | 10000/t 10 |
| Blue-light small source | $EB = \sum E\lambda \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta\lambda$ | 300-700 | ≤1000 >1000 | < 0,011 | 100/t 1,0 |
| Eye IR | ΕΙR = ΣΕλ • Δλ | 780-3000 | ≤1000 >1000 | 1.4 (80) | 18000/t ^{0.75} 100 |
| Skin thermal | ΕΗ = ΣΕλ • Δλ | 380-3000 | < 10 | 2π sr | 20000/t ^{0.75} |
| ~ | | | | 1 | |

| Table 5.5 | Summary of the ELs for | of the ELs for the retina (radiance based values) | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| Hazard Name | Relevant equation | Wavelength range nm | Exposure duration sec | Field of view radians | EL in terms of constant irradiance W•m ⁻² ∙sr ⁻¹ | |
| Blue light | $L_{B} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$ | 300-700 | 0,25 - 10 10-100 100-10000 ≥ 10000 | 0.011•√(t/10) 0.011 0.0011•√t 0,1 | 10 ⁶ /t 10 ⁶ /t 10 ⁶ /t 100 | |
| Retinal thermal | $L_{R} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet R(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$ | 380-1400 | < 0,25 0.25 – 10 | 0,0017 0.011∙√(t/10) | 50000/(α•t ^{0.25}) 50000/(α•t ^{0.25}) | |
| Retinal thermal (weak visual stimulus) | $LIR = \sum L\lambda \bullet R(\lambda) \bullet \Delta\lambda$ | 780-1400 | >10 | 0.011 | 6000/α | |

| Risk | sk Action Symbol Units | | | Emission Measurement | | | | | |
|------------|------------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|------------|--------|-------------|------------|---------|
| | spectr | pectr | | Exen | Exempt Low | | risk | k Mod risk | |
| um | n | | Limit | Result | Limit | Result | Limit | Result | |
| Actinic UV | Sυν (λ) | Es | W∙m⁻² | 0.001 | | 0.003 | - 12 | 0.03 | ~ |
| Near UV | | Euva | W∙m⁻² | 10 | | 33 | LAWING REAL | 100 | 24 - 12 |
| Blue light | Β(λ) | Цв | W∙m ⁻² ∙sr ⁻¹ | 100 | 58.0 | 10000 | | 4000000 | |

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 32 of 37

She

Shenzhen Tian Hai Test Technology Co., Ltd.

| 1 | 1 | | | | | 47 | | ~ |
|---|------|-----|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------------|---|
| Blue light, small source | Β(λ) | Ев | W∙m⁻² | 1.0* | | 1.0 | 400 | - |
| Retinal thermal | R(λ) | LR | W∙m ⁻² ∙sr ⁻¹ | 28000/α | 47546.4 | 28000/α | 71000/α | |
| etinal thermal, weak visual stimulus** | R(λ) | LIR | W∙m ⁻² ∙sr ⁻¹ | 6000/α | | 6000/α | 6000/α | |
| IR radiation, eye | | Eir | W∙m⁻² | 100 | | 570 | 3200 | |

Remark:

* Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. ** Involves evaluation of non-GLS source

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 33 of 37



Appendix for EUT photos

CEF

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 34 of 37





****END OF THE REPORT****

Report No.: TH2106189-C01-R02

page 37 of 37