



APPLICATION FOR LOW VOLTAGE DIRECTIVE

On Behalf of

DongGuan Foxsur Electronic Equipment Co., Ltd.

Jump Starter

FJS-800

Other models see Page 2 of the report

Prepared for : **DongGuan Foxsur Electronic Equipment Co., Ltd.**

**No.5,Hengjiangxia Industrial Zone, ChangPin Tower,
DongGuan City, GuangDong Province**

Prepared By : **Shenzhen EZT Testing Technology Co., Ltd**
**3F, Building B, Weicheng Industrial Park, No.16 Nanhuan Road,
Matian Street, Guangming District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong
Province, China.**

Date of Test: **July 25,2024-Aug.02,2024**

Date of Report: **Aug.02,2024**

Report Number: **EZT20240802012SR**

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TEST REPORT
EN 62368-1
Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment
— Part 1: Safety requirements

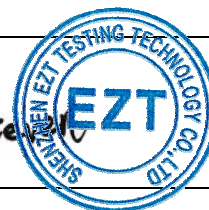
Report reference No. : EZT20240802012SR

Tested by (+ signature) : Jack Zhang

Jack Zhang

Approved by (+ signature) : Steven

Steven



Date of issue..... : Aug.02,2024

Client

Name..... : DongGuan Foxsur Electronic Equipment Co., Ltd.

Address..... : No.5,Hengjiangxia Industrial Zone, ChangPin Tower, DongGuan City, GuangDong Province

Test specification

Standard..... : EN IEC 62368-1:2020+A11:2020

Test procedure..... : CE-LVD

Procedure deviation..... : N.A.

Non-standard test method.. : N.A.

Test Report Form No...... : IEC62368_1B

TRF originator : UL(US)

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Test item

Description : Jump Starter

Model No. : FJS-800

Other Model..... : FJS-700



Trade Mark.....	:	FOXSUR
Manufacturer.....	:	DongGuan Foxsur Electronic Equipment Co., Ltd.
Address.....	:	No.5,Hengjiangxia Industrial Zone, ChangPin Tower, DongGuan City, GuangDong Province
Rating(s).....	:	Start Current:600A Input:5V $\overline{=}$ 2A Wireless Output: 10W USB Output: 5V $\overline{=}$ 2A

**Test item particulars:**

Classification of use by	☒ Ordinary person ☐ Instructed person ☐ Skilled person ☐ Children likely to be present
Supply Connection	☐ AC Mains ☐ DC Mains ☒ External Circuit - not Mains connected - ☒ ES1 ☐ ES2 ☐ ES3
Supply % Tolerance	☐ +10%/-10% ☐ +20%/-15% ☐ +____%/ -____% ☒ None
Supply Connection – Type	☒ pluggable equipment type A - ☐ non-detachable supply cord ☐ appliance coupler ☐ direct plug-in ☒ mating connector ☐ pluggable equipment type B - ☐ non-detachable supply cord ☐ appliance coupler ☐ permanent connection ☐ mating connector ☐ other: _____
Considered current rating of protective device as part of building or equipment installation	____ / ____ A; Installation location: ☐ building; ☐ equipment
Equipment mobility	☒ movable ☐ hand-held ☐ transportable ☐ stationary ☐ for building-in ☐ direct plug- ☐ rack-mounting ☐ wall-mounted
Over voltage category (OVC)	☐ OVC I ☐ OVC II ☐ OVC III ☐ OVC IV ☒ other: _____
Class of equipment	☐ Class I ☐ Class II ☒ Class III
Access location	☐ restricted access location ☒ N/A
Pollution degree (PD)	☐ PD 1 ☒ PD 2 ☐ PD 3
Manufacturer's specified maximum operating ambient:	<u>25</u> °C
IP protection class	☒ IPX0 ☐ IP____
Power Systems	☒ TN ☐ TT ☐ IT - ____ V _{L-L}
Altitude during operation (m)	☒ 2000 m or less ☐ ____ m
Altitude of test laboratory (m)	☒ 2000 m or less ☐ ____ m
Mass of equipment (kg)	☒ <u>0.405</u> kg

**Possible test case verdicts:**

- test case does not apply to the test object : N/A (N)
- test object does meet the requirement : Pass (P)
- test object does not meet the requirement : Fail (F)

Testing:

Date of receipt of test items..... : July 25,2024

Date(s) of performance of tests..... : July 25,2024-Aug.02,2024

Laboratory sample number.....:

Sample appearance and function are in normal
condition, yes or no..... : Yes

Ambient temperature.....: 25.6℃

Ambient humidity.....: 64.3%

**ENERGY SOURCE IDENTIFICATION AND CLASSIFICATION TABLE:**

(Note 1: Identify the following six (6) energy source forms based on the origin of the energy.)
(Note 2: The identified classification e.g., ES2, TS1, should be with respect to its ability to cause pain or injury on the body or its ability to ignite a combustible material. Any energy source can be declared Class 3 as a worse case classification e.g. PS3, ES3.)

Electrically-caused injury (Clause 5):

(Note: Identify type of source, list sub-assembly or circuit designation and corresponding energy source classification)

Example: +3 V dc input

ES1

Source of electrical energy	Corresponding classification (ES)
All electrical circuit inside the wireless charger	ES1

Electrically-caused fire (Clause 6):

(Note: List sub-assembly or circuit designation and corresponding energy source classification)

Example: PS2

Source of power or PIS	Corresponding classification (PS)
All electrical circuit inside the wireless charger	PS1
Rechargeable battery electrical circuit	PS2

Injury caused by hazardous substances (Clause 7)

(Note: Specify hazardous chemicals, whether produces ozone or other chemical construction not addressed as part of the component evaluation.)

Example: Liquid in filled component

Glycol

Source of hazardous substances	Corresponding chemical
Rechargeable battery	Non-Rechargeable battery

Mechanically-caused injury (Clause 8)

(Note: List moving part(s), fan, special installations, etc. & corresponding MS classification based on Table 35.)

Example: Wall mount unit

MS2

Source of kinetic/mechanical energy	Corresponding classification (MS)
Sharp edges and corners	MS1
Equipment mass < 7 kg	MS1

Thermal burn injury (Clause 9)

(Note: Identify the surface or support, and corresponding energy source classification based on type of part, location, operating temperature and contact time in Table 38.)

Example: Hand-held scanner – thermoplastic enclosure

TS1

Source of thermal energy	Corresponding classification (TS)
Plastic enclosure	TS1

**ENERGY SOURCE IDENTIFICATION AND CLASSIFICATION TABLE:****Radiation (Clause 10)**

(Note: List the types of radiation present in the product and the corresponding energy source classification.)

Example: DVD – Class 1 Laser Product

RS1

Type of radiation	Corresponding classification (RS)
speaker(LEDs) for cosmetic use(low power application)	RS1

ENERGY SOURCE DIAGRAM

Indicate which energy sources are included in the energy source diagram. Insert diagram below

INFRARED CAMERA circuit diagram(incorporate with battery protect circuit), whole diagram was ES1

☒ ES ☒ PS ☐ MS ☒ TS ☒ RS



OVERVIEW OF EMPLOYED SAFEGUARDS				
Clause	Possible Hazard			
5.1	Electrically-caused injury			
Body Part (e.g. Ordinary)	Energy Source (ES3: Primary Filter circuit)	Safeguards		
		Basic	Supplementary	Reinforced (Enclosure)
Ordinary	ES1: All internal electrical circuits	Enclosure	N/A	N/A
6.1	Electrically-caused fire			
Material part (e.g. mouse enclosure)	Energy Source (PS2: 100 Watt circuit)	Safeguards		
		Basic	Supplementary	Reinforced
Plastic enclosure	PS2: >15 but <100Watt circuit (includes battery max. output power, see table 6.2.2)	Suitable material	N/A	N/A
7.1	Injury caused by hazardous substances			
Body Part (e.g., skilled)	Energy Source (hazardous material)	Safeguards		
		Basic	Supplementary	Reinforced
Ordinary	Battery chemicals	Battery provide suitable casing material	N/A	N/A
8.1	Mechanically-caused injury			
Body Part (e.g. Ordinary)	Energy Source (MS3:High Pressure Lamp)	Safeguards		
		Basic	Supplementary	Reinforced (Enclosure)
Ordinary	MS1: Sharp edges and corners	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ordinary	MS1: Equipment mass	N/A	N/A	N/A
9.1	Thermal Burn			
Body Part (e.g., Ordinary)	Energy Source (TS2)	Safeguards		
		Basic	Supplementary	Reinforced
Ordinary	TS1: Accessible plastic enclosure, terminals	N/A	N/A	N/A
10.1	Radiation			
Body Part	Energy Source	Safeguards		



(e.g., Ordinary)	(Output from audio port)	Basic	Supplementary	Reinforced
Ordinary	lamp (LEDs) for cosmetic use(low power application) [see table 4.1.2]	N/A	N/A	N/A
Supplementary Information: (1) See attached energy source diagram for additional details. (2) "N" – Normal Condition; "A" – Abnormal Condition; "S" Single Fault				



4	General REQUIREMENTS		P
4.1.1	Acceptance of materials, components and subassemblies		P
4.1.2	Use of components	(See Table 4.1.2)	P
4.1.3	Equipment design and construction		P
4.1.15	Markings and instructions	(See Annex F)	—
4.4.4	Safeguard robustness		P
4.4.4.2	Steady force tests	(See Annex T.4, T.5)	—
4.4.4.3	Drop tests	(See Annex T.7)	—
4.4.4.4	Impact tests	(See Annex T.6)	—
4.4.4.5	Internal accessible safeguard enclosure and barrier tests	No internal accessible safeguard enclosure/barriers.	—
4.4.4.6	Glass Impact tests	No glass.	—
4.4.4.74	Thermoplastic material tests	(See Annex T.8)	—
4.4.4.8	Air comprising a safeguard	(See Annex T)	—
4.4.4.9	Accessibility and safeguard effectiveness		P
4.5	Explosion	No explosion.	P
4.6	Fixing of conductors		P
4.6.1	Fix conductors not to defeat a safeguard		P
4.6.2	10 N force test applied to	10 N test was applied to internal components.	—
4.7	Equipment for direct insertion into mains socket - outlets		N/A
4.7.2	Mains plug part complies with the relevant standard		—
4.7.3	Torque (Nm)		—
4.8	Products containing coin/button cell batteries		N/A
4.8.2	Instructional safeguard		N/A
4.8.3	Battery Compartment Construction		N/A
	Means to reduce the possibility of children removing the battery		—
4.8.4	Battery Compartment Mechanical Tests		—
4.8.5	Battery Accessibility		N/A
4.9	Likelihood of fire or shock due to entry of conductive object	No openings.	—

5	ELECTRICALLY-CAUSED INJURY		P
5.2.1	Electrical energy source classifications	(See appended table 5.2)	—
5.2.2	ES1, ES2 and ES3 limits		P



5.2.2.2	Steady-state voltage and current.....:	See appended table 5.2)	—
5.2.2.3	Capacitance limits	(See appended table 5.2)	—
5.2.2.4	Single pulse limits	(See appended table 5.2)	—
5.2.2.5	Limits for repetitive pulses	(See appended table 5.2)	—
5.2.2.6	Ringing signals	No ringing signals.	—
5.2.2.7	Audio signals	No audio signals.	—
5.3	Protection against electrical energy sources		P
5.3.1	General Requirements for accessible parts to ordinary, instructed and skilled persons		P
5.3.2.1	Accessibility to electrical energy sources and safeguards		P
5.3.2.2	Contact requirements	No openings on enclosures as received and after mechanical test.	N/A
	a) Test with test probe from Annex V		—
	b) Electric strength test potential (V)		—
	c) Air gap (mm)		—
5.3.2.4	Terminals for connecting stripped wire		N/A
5.4	Insulation materials and requirements		P
5.4.1.2	Properties of insulating material		P
5.4.1.3	Humidity conditioning	(See sub-clause 5.4.8)	—
5.4.1.4	Maximum operating temperature for insulating materials	(See appended table 5.4.1.4)	—
5.4.1.5	Pollution degree	PD 2.	—
5.4.1.5.2	Test for pollution degree 1 environment and for an insulating compound		N/A
5.4.1.5.3	Thermal cycling		N/A
5.4.1.6	Insulation in transformers with varying dimensions		N/A
5.4.1.7	Insulation in circuits generating starting pulses		N/A
5.4.1.8	Determination of working voltage		N/A
5.4.1.9	Insulating surfaces		N/A
5.4.1.10	Thermoplastic parts on which conductive metallic parts are directly mounted		P
5.4.1.10.2	Vicat softening temperature.....:	Not performed.	—
5.4.1.10.3	Ball pressure	(See appended table 5.4.1.10.3)	—
5.4.2	Clearances		P
5.4.2.2	Determining clearance using peak working voltage	SELV inside, function insulation distance request only	P



5.4.2.3	Determining clearance using required withstand voltage		—
	a) a.c. mains transient voltage		—
	b) d.c. mains transient voltage	No connections to d.c. mains.	—
	c) external circuit transient voltage		—
	d) transient voltage determined by measurement		—
5.4.2.4	Determining the adequacy of a clearance using an electric strength test		P
5.4.2.5	Multiplication factors for clearances and test voltages		—
5.4.3	Creepage distances		—
5.4.3.1	General		P
5.4.3.3	Material Group		—
5.4.4	Solid insulation		P
5.4.4.2	Minimum distance through insulation		N/A
5.4.4.3	Insulation compound forming solid insulation		N/A
5.4.4.4	Solid insulation in semiconductor devices		N/A
5.4.4.5	Cemented joints		N/A
5.4.4.6	Thin sheet material		N/A
5.4.4.6.1	General requirements		N/A
5.4.4.6.2	Separable thin sheet material		N/A
	Number of layers (pcs)		—
5.4.4.6.3	Non-separable thin sheet material		N/A
5.4.4.6.4	Standard test procedure for non-separable thin sheet material		—
5.4.4.6.5	Mandrel test		N/A
5.4.4.7	Solid insulation in wound components		P
5.4.4.9	Solid insulation at frequencies >30 kHz.....		—
5.4.5	Antenna terminal insulation		N/A
5.4.5.1	General		N/A
5.4.5.2	Voltage surge test		N/A
	Insulation resistance (MΩ)		—
5.4.6	Insulation of internal wire as part of supplementary safeguard	(See appended table 5.4.4.2)	—
5.4.7	Tests for semiconductor components and for cemented joints		N/A
5.4.8	Humidity conditioning		P
	Relative humidity (%)	95%.	—
	Temperature (°C)	35°C.	—



	Duration (h)	48 h.	—
5.4.9	Electric strength test	(See appended table 5.4.9)	—
5.4.9.1	Test procedure for a solid insulation type test		P
5.4.9.2	Test procedure for routine tests		P
5.4.10	Protection against transient voltages between external circuit	No connection to external circuits with transient voltage.	N/A
5.4.10.1	Parts and circuits separated from external circuits		N/A
5.4.10.2	Test methods		N/A
5.4.10.2.1	General		N/A
5.4.10.2.2	Impulse test.....		—
5.4.10.2.3	Steady-state test		—
5.4.11	Insulation between external circuits and earthed circuitry	No connection to external circuits with transient voltage.	—
5.4.11.1	Exceptions to separation between external circuits and earth		N/A
5.4.11.2	Requirements		N/A
	Rated operating voltage U_{op} (V)		—
	Nominal voltage U_{peak} (V)		—
	Max increase due to variation U_{sp}		—
	Max increase due to ageing ΔU_{sa}		—
	$U_{op} = U_{peak} + \Delta U_{sp} + \Delta U_{sa}$		—
5.5	Components as safeguards		P
5.5.1	General		P
5.5.2	Capacitors and RC units		N/A
5.5.2.1	General requirement		N/A
5.5.2.2	Safeguards against capacitor discharge after disconnection of a connector		—
5.5.3	Transformers		N/A
5.5.4	Optocouplers		N/A
5.5.5	Relays		N/A
5.5.6	Resistors		N/A
5.5.7	SPD's		N/A
5.5.7.1	Use of an SPD connected to reliable earthing		N/A
5.5.7.2	Use of an SPD between mains and protective earth		N/A
5.5.8	Insulation between the mains and external circuit consisting of a coaxial cable.....		—
5.6	Protective conductor		N/A



5.6.2	Requirement for protective conductors		N/A
5.6.2.1	General requirements		N/A
5.6.2.2	Colour of insulation		N/A
5.6.3	Requirement for protective earthing conductors		N/A
	Protective earthing conductor size (mm ²) :		—
5.6.4	Requirement for protective bonding conductors		N/A
5.6.4.1	Protective bonding conductors		N/A
	Protective bonding conductor size (mm ²). :		—
	Protective current rating (A) :		—
5.6.4.3	Current limiting and overcurrent protective devices		N/A
5.6.5	Terminals for protective conductors		N/A
5.6.5.1	Requirement		N/A
	Conductor size (mm ²), nominal thread diameter (mm)..... :		—
5.6.5.2	Corrosion		N/A
5.6.6	Resistance of the protective system		N/A
5.6.6.1	Requirements		N/A
5.6.6.2	Test Method Resistance (Ω)..... :		—
5.6.7	Reliable earthing		N/A
5.7	Prospective touch voltage, touch current and protective conductor current		N/A
5.7.2	Measuring devices and networks		N/A
5.7.2.1	Measurement of touch current..... :		—
5.7.2.2	Measurement of prospective touch voltage		N/A
5.7.3	Equipment set-up, supply connections and earth connections		N/A
	System of interconnected equipment (separate connections/single connection)..... :		—
	Multiple connections to mains (one connection at a time/simultaneous connections) :		—
5.7.4	Earthed conductive accessible parts :		N/A
5.7.5	Protective conductor current		N/A
	Supply Voltage (V) :		—
	Measured current (mA) :		—
	Instructional Safeguard :		—
5.7.6	Prospective touch voltage and touch current due to external circuits		N/A
5.7.6.1	Touch current from coaxial cables		N/A



5.7.6.2	Prospective touch voltage and touch current from external circuits		N/A
5.7.7	Summation of touch currents from external circuits		N/A
	a) Equipment with earthed external circuits Measured current (mA)		—
	b) Equipment whose external circuits are not referenced to earth. Measured current (mA) ..		—

6	ELECTRICALLY- CAUSED FIRE		P
6.2	Classification of power sources (PS) and potential ignition sources (PIS)		P
6.2.2	Power source circuit classifications		P
6.2.2.1	General		P
6.2.2.2	Power measurement for worst-case load fault ..	(See appended table 6.2.2)	—
6.2.2.3	Power measurement for worst-case power source fault	(See appended table 6.2.2)	—
6.2.2.4	PS1	(See appended table 6.2.2)	—
6.2.2.5	PS2	(See appended table 6.2.2)	—
6.2.2.6	PS3	(See appended table 6.2.2)	—
6.2.3	Classification of potential ignition sources		P
6.2.3.1	Arcing PIS	(See appended table 6.2.3.1)	—
6.2.3.2	Resistive PIS	(See appended table 6.2.3.2)	—
6.3	Safeguards against fire under normal operating and abnormal operating conditions		P
6.3.1 (a)	No ignition and attainable temperature value less than 90 % defined by ISO 871 or less than 300 °C for unknown materials	(See appended table 5.4.1.5, 6.3.2, 9.0, B.2.6)	—
6.3.1 (b)	Combustible materials outside fire enclosure		P
6.4	Safeguards against fire under single fault conditions		P
6.4.1	Safeguard Method	Method of “control of fire spread” is used.	P
6.4.2	Reduction of the likelihood of ignition under single fault conditions in PS1 circuits		N/A
6.4.3	Reduction of the likelihood of ignition under single fault conditions in PS2 and PS3 circuits		N/A
6.4.3.1	General		N/A
6.4.3.2	Supplementary Safeguards		N/A
	Special conditions if conductors on printed boards are opened or peeled		N/A
6.4.3.3	Single Fault Conditions		—
	Special conditions for temperature limited by fuse		N/A



6.4.4	Control of fire spread in PS1 circuits		N/A
6.4.5	Control of fire spread in PS2 circuits		N/A
6.4.5.2	Supplementary safeguards		—
6.4.6	Control of fire spread in PS3 circuit		N/A
6.4.7	Separation of combustible materials from a PIS		N/A
6.4.7.1	General		—
6.4.7.2	Separation by distance		N/A
6.4.7.3	Separation by a fire barrier		N/A
6.4.8	Fire enclosures and fire barriers		N/A
6.4.8.1	Fire enclosure and fire barrier material properties		N/A
6.4.8.2.1	Requirements for a fire barrier	No fire barrier.	N/A
6.4.8.2.2	Requirements for a fire enclosure		N/A
6.4.8.3	Constructional requirements for a fire enclosure and a fire barrier		N/A
6.4.8.3.1	Fire enclosure and fire barrier openings	See below.	N/A
6.4.8.3.2	Fire barrier dimensions		N/A
6.4.8.3.3	Top Openings in Fire Enclosure: dimensions (mm)	No openings.	—
	Needle Flame test		N/A
6.4.8.3.4	Bottom Openings in Fire Enclosure, condition met a), b) and/or c) dimensions (mm)	No openings.	—
	Flammability tests for the bottom of a fire enclosure	No openings.	—
6.4.8.3.5	Integrity of the fire enclosure, condition met: a), b) or c).....	No doors or covers.	—
6.4.8.4	Separation of PIS from fire enclosure and fire barrier distance (mm) or flammability rating ...	Fire enclosure is made of V-0 material.	—
6.5	Internal and external wiring		P
6.5.1	Requirements		P
6.5.2	Cross-sectional area (mm ²)	No internal wiring.	—
6.5.3	Requirements for interconnection to building wiring.....	(See Annex Q.)	—
6.6	Safeguards against fire due to connection to additional equipment		P
	External port limited to PS2 or complies with Clause Q.1		N/A

7	INJURY CAUSED BY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES		P
7.2	Reduction of exposure to hazardous substances	No hazardous substance is accessible.	P



7.3	Ozone exposure		N/A
7.4	Use of personal safeguards (PPE)		N/A
	Personal safeguards and instructions		—
7.5	Use of instructional safeguards and instructions		N/A
	Instructional safeguard (ISO 7010)		—
7.6	Batteries		P

8	MECHANICALLY-CAUSED INJURY		P
8.1	General		P
8.2	Mechanical energy source classifications		P
8.3	Safeguards against mechanical energy sources		P
8.4	Safeguards against parts with sharp edges and corners	Edges and corners are classed as MS1.	P
8.4.1	Safeguards		N/A
8.5	Safeguards against moving parts	No moving parts.	N/A
8.5.1	MS2 or MS3 part required to be accessible for the function of the equipment		N/A
8.5.2	Instructional Safeguard		—
8.5.4	Special categories of equipment comprising moving parts		N/A
8.5.4.1	Large data storage equipment		N/A
8.5.4.2	Equipment having electromechanical device for destruction of media		N/A
8.5.4.2.1	Safeguards and Safety Interlocks		—
8.5.4.2.2	Instructional safeguards against moving parts		N/A
	Instructional Safeguard		—
8.5.4.2.3	Disconnection from the supply		N/A
8.5.4.2.4	Probe type and force (N)		—
8.5.5	High Pressure Lamps	No high pressure lamps.	N/A
8.5.5.1	Energy Source Classification		N/A
8.5.5.2	High Pressure Lamp Explosion Test		—
8.6	Stability	Portable appliance	N/A
8.6.1	Product classification		N/A
	Instructional Safeguard		N/A
8.6.2	Static stability		N/A
8.6.2.2	Static stability test		N/A
	Applied Force		—



8.6.2.3	Downward Force Test		N/A
8.6.3	Relocation stability test		N/A
	Unit configuration during 10° tilt.....:		—
8.6.4	Glass slide test		N/A
8.6.5	Horizontal force test (Applied Force).....:		—
	Position of feet or movable parts		—
8.7	Equipment mounted to wall or ceiling		N/A
8.7.1	Mounting Means (Length of screws (mm) and mounting surface)		—
8.7.2	Direction and applied force		—
8.8	Handles strength	No handles.	N/A
8.8.1	Classification		N/A
8.8.2	Applied Force		—
8.9	Wheels or casters attachment requirements	No wheels or casters.	N/A
8.9.1	Classification		N/A
8.9.2	Applied force		—
8.10	Carts, stands and similar carriers	No carts or stands or other carriers.	N/A
8.10.1	General		N/A
8.10.2	Marking and instructions		N/A
	Instructional Safeguard		—
8.10.3	Cart, stand or carrier loading test and compliance		N/A
	Applied force		—
8.10.4	Cart, stand or carrier impact test		N/A
8.10.5	Mechanical stability		N/A
	Applied horizontal force (N)		—
8.10.6	Thermoplastic temperature stability (°C).....:		—
8.11	Mounting means for rack mounted equipment	Not rack mounted.	N/A
8.11.1	General		N/A
8.11.2	Product Classification		N/A
8.11.3	Mechanical strength test, variable <i>N</i>		—
8.11.4	Mechanical strength test 250N, including end stops		N/A
8.12	Telescoping or rod antennas	No antennas.	—
	Button/Ball diameter (mm)		—



9	THERMAL BURN INJURY		P
9.2	Thermal energy source classifications		P
9.3	Safeguard against thermal energy sources		P
9.4	Requirements for safeguards		P
9.4.1	Equipment safeguard		P
9.4.2	Instructional safeguard	Instructional safeguard is not required.	—

10	RADIATION		P
10.2	Radiation energy source classification		P
10.2.1	General classification		N/A
10.3	Protection against laser radiation	No laser.	N/A
	Laser radiation that exists equipment:		N/A
	Normal, abnormal, single-fault..... :		—
	Instructional safeguard		—
	Tool		—
10.4	Protection against visible, infrared, and UV radiation		N/A
10.4.1	General		N/A
10.4.1.a)	RS3 for Ordinary and instructed persons		—
10.4.1.b)	RS3 accessible to a skilled person		—
	Personal safeguard (PPE) instructional safeguard		—
10.4.1.c)	Equipment visible, IR, UV does not exceed RS1		—
10.4.1.d)	Normal, abnormal, single-fault conditions		—
10.4.1.e)	Enclosure material employed as safeguard is opaque		—
10.4.1.f)	UV attenuation		—
10.4.1.g)	Materials resistant to degradation UV..... :		—
10.4.1.h)	Enclosure containment of optical radiation		—
10.4.1.i)	Exempt Group under normal operating conditions..... :		—
10.4.2	Instructional safeguard		—
10.5	Protection against x-radiation		N/A
10.5.1	X- radiation energy source that exists equipment		—
	Normal, abnormal, single fault conditions		N/A
	Equipment safeguards		—



	Instructional safeguard for skilled person		—
10.5.3	Most unfavourable supply voltage to give maximum radiation.....		—
	Abnormal and single-fault condition.....		—
	Maximum radiation (pA/kg).....		—
10.6	Protection against acoustic energy sources		N/A
10.6.1	General		N/A
10.6.2	Classification		N/A
	Acoustic output, dB(A)		—
	Output voltage, unweighted r.m.s.		—
10.6.4	Protection of persons		N/A
	Instructional safeguards.....		—
	Equipment safeguard prevent ordinary person to RS2		—
	Means to actively inform user of increase sound pressure		—
	Equipment safeguard prevent ordinary person to RS2		—
10.6.5	Requirements for listening devices (headphones, earphones, etc.)		N/A
10.6.5.1	Corded passive listening devices with analog input		N/A
	Input voltage with 94 dB(A) LAeq acoustic pressure output :		—
10.6.5.2	Corded listening devices with digital input		N/A
	Maximum dB(A) :		—
10.6.5.3	Cordless listening device		N/A
	Maximum dB(A) :		—

B	NORMAL OPERATING CONDITION TESTS, ABNORMAL OPERATING CONDITION TESTS AND SINGLE FAULT CONDITION TESTS		P
B.2	Normal Operating Conditions		P
B.2.1	General requirements	(See Test Item Particulars and appended test tables)	—
	Audio Amplifiers and equipment with audio amplifiers.....	No amplifiers.	—
B.2.3	Supply voltage and tolerances		P
B.2.5	Input test	(See appended table B.2.5)	—
B.3	Simulated abnormal operating conditions		N/A
B.3.1	General requirements		—



B.3.2	Covering of ventilation openings		N/A
B.3.3	D.C. mains polarity test		N/A
B.3.4	Setting of voltage selector :		—
B.3.5	Maximum load at output terminals..... :		—
B.3.6	Reverse battery polarity		N/A
B.3.7	Abnormal operating conditions as specified in Clause E.2.		N/A
B.3.8	Safeguards functional during and after abnormal operating conditions		N/A
B.4	Simulated single fault conditions		P
B.4.2	Temperature controlling device open or short-circuited..... :	(See appended table B.4)	—
B.4.3	Motor tests	No motors.	N/A
B.4.3.1	Motor blocked or rotor locked increasing the internal ambient temperature :		—
B.4.4	Short circuit of functional insulation		P
B.4.4.1	Short circuit of clearances for functional insulation		N/A
B.4.4.2	Short circuit of creepage distances for functional insulation		N/A
B.4.4.3	Short circuit of functional insulation on coated printed boards		N/A
B.4.5	Short circuit and interruption of electrodes in tubes and semiconductors		N/A
B.4.6	Short circuit or disconnect of passive components		N/A
B.4.7	Continuous operation of components		N/A
B.4.8	Class 1 and Class 2 energy sources within limits during and after single fault conditions		N/A
B.4.9	Battery charging under single fault conditions :		P

C	UV RADIATION		N/A
C.1	Protection of materials in equipment from UV radiation		N/A
C.1.2	Requirements		N/A
C.1.3	Test method		N/A
C.2	UV light conditioning test		N/A
C.2.1	Test apparatus		N/A
C.2.2	Mounting of test samples		N/A
C.2.3	Carbon-arc light-exposure apparatus		N/A
C.2.4	Xenon-arc light exposure apparatus		N/A



D	TEST GENERATORS		N/A
D.1	Impulse test generators		N/A
D.2	Antenna interface test generator		N/A
D.3	Electronic pulse generator		N/A

E	TEST CONDITIONS FOR EQUIPMENT CONTAINING AUDIO AMPLIFIERS		N/A
E.1	Audio amplifier normal operating conditions		N/A
	Audio signal voltage (V)		—
	Rated load impedance (Ω)		—
E.2	Audio amplifier abnormal operating conditions		N/A

F	EQUIPMENT MARKINGS, INSTRUCTIONS, AND INSTRUCTIONAL SAFEGUARDS		P
F.1	General requirements		P
	Instructions – Language	Instructions in English are reviewed.	—
F.2	Letter symbols and graphical symbols		P
F.2.1	Letter symbols according to IEC60027-1		P
F.2.2	Graphic symbols IEC, ISO or manufacturer specific		P
F.3	Equipment markings		P
F.3.1	Equipment marking locations		P
F.3.2	Equipment identification markings		P
F.3.2.1	Manufacturer identification		—
F.3.2.2	Model identification		—
F.3.3	Equipment rating markings		P
F.3.3.1	Equipment with direct connection to mains		P
F.3.3.2	Equipment without direct connection to mains		N/A
F.3.3.3	Nature of supply voltage		—
F.3.3.4	Rated voltage		—
F.3.3.4	Rated frequency		—
F.3.3.6	Rated current or rated power		—
F.3.3.7	Equipment with multiple supply connections		N/A
F.3.4	Voltage setting device		N/A
F.3.5	Terminals and operating devices		P
F.3.5.1	Mains appliance outlet and socket-outlet markings	No outlets.	—



F.3.5.2	Switch position identification marking	No such switches.	—
F.3.5.3	Replacement fuse identification and rating markings	Rating of fuse is marked adjacent to the fuse.	—
F.3.5.4	Replacement battery identification marking	No batteries.	—
F.3.5.5	Terminal marking location		P
F.3.6	Equipment markings related to equipment classification		P
F.3.6.1	Class I Equipment		N/A
F.3.6.1.1	Protective earthing conductor terminal		N/A
F.3.6.1.2	Neutral conductor terminal		N/A
F.3.6.1.3	Protective bonding conductor terminals		N/A
F.3.6.2	Class II equipment (IEC60417-5172)		P
F.3.6.2.1	Class II equipment with or without functional earth		P
F.3.6.2.2	Class II equipment with functional earth terminal marking		N/A
F.3.7	Equipment IP rating marking	IP X0.	—
F.3.8	External power supply output marking		N/A
F.3.9	Durability, legibility and permanence of marking		P
F.3.10	Test for permanence of markings		P
F.4	Instructions		N/A
	a) Equipment for use in locations where children not likely to be present - marking		N/A
	b) Instructions given for installation or initial use		N/A
	c) Equipment intended to be fastened in place		N/A
	d) Equipment intended for use only in restricted access area		N/A
	e) Audio equipment terminals classified as ES3 and other equipment with terminals marked in accordance F.3.6.1		N/A
	f) Protective earthing employed as safeguard		N/A
	g) Protective earthing conductor current exceeding ES 2 limits		N/A
	h) Symbols used on equipment		N/A
	i) Permanently connected equipment not provided with all-pole mains switch		N/A
	j) Replaceable components or modules providing safeguard function		N/A
F.5	Instructional safeguards	Instructional safeguard is not required.	N/A



	Where “instructional safeguard” is referenced in the test report it specifies the required elements, location of marking and/or instruction		N/A
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G	COMPONENTS		P
G.1	Switches		N/A
G.1.1	General requirements		N/A
G.1.2	Ratings, endurance, spacing, maximum load		N/A
G.2	Relays		N/A
G.2.1	General requirements	No relays.	N/A
G.2.2	Overload test		N/A
G.2.3	Relay controlling connectors supply power		N/A
G.2.4	Mains relay, modified as stated in G.2		N/A
G.3	Protection Devices		N/A
G.3.1	Thermal cut-offs	No thermal cut-offs.	N/A
G.3.1.1a) &b)	Thermal cut-outs separately approved according to IEC 60730 with conditions indicated in a) & b)		N/A
G.3.1.1c)	Thermal cut-outs tested as part of the equipment as indicated in c)		N/A
G.3.1.2	Thermal cut-off connections maintained and secure		N/A
G.3.2	Thermal links		N/A
G.3.2.1a)	Thermal links separately tested with IEC 60691	No thermal-links.	N/A
G.3.2.1b)	Thermal links tested as part of the equipment		N/A
	Aging hours (H)..... :		—
	Single Fault Condition..... :		—
	Test Voltage (V) and Insulation Resistance (Ω) . :		—
G.3.3	PTC Thermistors		N/A
G.3.4	Overcurrent protection devices		N/A
G.3.5	Safeguards components not mentioned in G.3.1 to G.3.5		N/A
G.3.5.1	Non-resettable devices suitably rated and marking provided		N/A
G.3.5.2	Single faults conditions :		—
G.4	Connectors		N/A
G.4.1	Spacings		N/A
G.4.2	Mains connector configuration :		—
G.4.3	Plug is shaped that insertion into mains socket-outlets or appliance coupler is unlikely		P
G.5	Wound Components		P



G.5.1	Wire insulation in wound components	(See Annex J)	—
G.5.1.2 a)	Two wires in contact inside wound component, angle between 45° and 90°		N/A
G.5.1.2 b)	Construction subject to routine testing		N/A
G.5.2	Endurance test on wound components		N/A
G.5.2.1	General test requirements		N/A
G.5.2.2	Heat run test		N/A
	Time (s)..... :		—
	Temperature (°C)..... :		—
G.5.2.3	Wound Components supplied by mains		N/A
G.5.3	Transformers		N/A
G.5.3.1	Requirements applied (IEC61204-7, IEC61558-1/-2, and/or IEC62368-1)		—
	Position		—
	Method of protection		—
G.5.3.2	Insulation		P
	Protection from displacement of windings		—
G.5.3.3	Overload test..... :		—
G.5.3.3.1	Test conditions		P
G.5.3.3.2	Winding Temperatures testing in the unit		P
G.5.3.3.3	Winding Temperatures - Alternative test method		N/A
G.5.4	Motors		N/A
G.5.4.1	General requirements	No motors.	N/A
	Position		—
G.5.4.2	Test conditions		N/A
G.5.4.3	Running overload test		N/A
G.5.4.4	Locked-rotor overload test		N/A
	Test duration (days)		—
G.5.4.5	Running overload test for d.c. motors in secondary circuits		N/A
G.5.4.5.2	Tested in the unit		N/A
	Electric strength test (V)..... :		—
G.5.4.5.3	Tested on the Bench - Alternative test method; test time (h)		—
	Electric strength test (V)..... :		—
G.5.4.6	Locked-rotor overload test for d.c. motors in secondary circuits		N/A
G.5.4.6.2	Tested in the unit		N/A



	Maximum Temperature		—
	Electric strength test (V)		—
G.5.4.6.3	Tested on the bench - Alternative test method; test time (h)		—
	Electric strength test (V).....		—
G.5.4.7	Motors with capacitors		N/A
G.5.4.8	Three-phase motors		N/A
G.5.4.9	Series motors		N/A
	Operating voltage		—
G.6	Wire Insulation		N/A
G.6.1	General		N/A
G.6.2	Solvent-based enamel wiring insulation		N/A
G.7	Mains supply cords		N/A
G.7.1	General requirements		N/A
	Type		—
	Rated current (A)		—
	Cross-sectional area (mm ²), (AWG).....		—
G.7.2	Compliance and test method		N/A
G.7.3	Cord anchorages and strain relief for non- detachable power supply cords		N/A
G.7.3.2	Cord strain relief		N/A
G.7.3.2.1	Requirements		N/A
	Strain relief test force (N).....		—
G.7.3.2.2	Strain relief mechanism failure		N/A
G.7.3.2.3	Cord sheath or jacket position, distance (mm):		—
G.7.3.2.4	Strain relief comprised of polymeric material		N/A
G.7.4	Cord Entry	(See appended table 5.4.11.1)	—
G.7.5	Non-detachable cord bend protection		N/A
G.7.5.1	Requirements		N/A
G.7.5.2	Mass (g)		—
	Diameter (m)		—
	Temperature (°C)		—
G.7.6	Supply wiring space		N/A
G.7.6.2	Stranded wire		N/A
G.7.6.2.1	Test with 8 mm strand		N/A
G.8	Varistors		N/A
G.8.1	General requirements		N/A



G.8.2	Safeguard against shock		N/A
G.8.3	Safeguard against fire		N/A
G.8.3.2	Varistor overload test..... :		—
G.8.3.3	Temporary overvoltage :		—
G.9	Integrated Circuit (IC) Current Limiters		N/A
G.9.1 a)	Manufacturer defines limit at max. 5A.		N/A
G.9.1 b)	Limiters do not have manual operator or reset		N/A
G.9.1 c)	Supply source does not exceed 250 VA :		—
G.9.1 d)	IC limiter output current (max. 5A)..... :		—
G.9.1 e)	Manufacturers' defined drift :		—
G.9.2	Test Program 1		N/A
G.9.3	Test Program 2		N/A
G.9.4	Test Program 3		N/A
G.10	Resistors		N/A
G.10.1	General requirements		N/A
G.10.2	Resistor test		N/A
G.10.3	Test for resistors serving as safeguards between the mains and an external circuit consisting of a coaxial cable		N/A
G.10.3.1	General requirements		N/A
G.10.3.2	Voltage surge test		N/A
G.10.3.3	Impulse test		N/A
G.11	Capacitor and RC units		N/A
G.11.1	General requirements		N/A
G.11.2	Conditioning of capacitors and RC units		N/A
G.11.3	Rules for selecting capacitors		N/A
G.12	Optocouplers		N/A
	Optocouplers comply with IEC 60747-5-5:2007 Spacing or Electric Strength Test (specify option and test results)..... :		N/A
	Type test voltage Vini :		—
	Routine test voltage, Vini,b :		—
G.13	Printed boards		P
G.13.1	General requirements		P
G.13.2	Uncoated printed boards		P
G.13.3	Coated printed boards		N/A
G.13.4	Insulation between conductors on the same inner surface		N/A



	Compliance with cemented joint requirements (Specify construction)		—
G.13.5	Insulation between conductors on different surfaces		N/A
	Distance through insulation	(See appended table 5.4.4.5)	—
	Number of insulation layers (pcs)		—
G.13.6	Tests on coated printed boards		N/A
G.13.6.1	Sample preparation and preliminary inspection		N/A
G.13.6.2a)	Thermal conditioning		N/A
G.13.6.2b)	Electric strength test		N/A
G.13.6.2c)	Abrasion resistance test		N/A
G.14	Coating on components terminals		N/A
G.14.1	Requirements		—
G.15	Liquid filled components		N/A
G.15.1	General requirements		N/A
G.15.2	Requirements		N/A
G.15.3	Compliance and test methods		N/A
G.15.3.1	Hydrostatic pressure test		N/A
G.15.3.2	Creep resistance test		N/A
G.15.3.3	Tubing and fittings compatibility test		N/A
G.15.3.4	Vibration test		N/A
G.15.3.5	Thermal cycling test		N/A
G.15.3.6	Force test		N/A
G.15.4	Compliance		N/A
G.16	IC including capacitor discharge function (ICX)		N/A
a)	Humidity treatment in accordance with sc5.4.8 – 120 hours		N/A
b)	Impulse test using circuit 2 with $U_c =$ to transient voltage		—
C1)	Application of ac voltage at 110% of rated voltage for 2.5 minutes		N/A
C2)	Test voltage		—
D1)	10,000 cycles on and off using capacitor with smallest capacitance resistor with largest resistance specified by manufacturer		N/A
D2)	Capacitance		—
D3)	Resistance		—



H	CRITERIA FOR TELEPHONE RINGING SIGNALS		N/A
H.1	General		N/A
H.2	Method A		N/A
H.3	Method B		N/A
H.3.1	Ringling signal		N/A
H.3.1.1	Frequency (Hz)		—
H.3.1.2	Voltage (V)		—
H.3.1.3	Cadence; time (s) and voltage (V)		—
H.3.1.4	Single fault current (mA):		—
H.3.2	Tripping device and monitoring voltage		—
H.3.2.1	Conditions for use of a tripping device or a monitoring voltage complied with		N/A
H.3.2.2	Tripping device		N/A
H.3.2.3	Monitoring voltage (V).....		—

J	INSULATED WINDING WIRES FOR USE WITHOUT INTERLEAVED INSULATION		P
	General requirements		P

K	SAFETY INTERLOCKS		N/A
K.1	General requirements		N/A
K.2	Components of safety interlock safeguard mechanism		—
K.3	Inadvertent change of operating mode		N/A
K.4	Interlock safeguard override		N/A
K.5	Fail-safe		N/A
	Compliance		—
K.6	Mechanically operated safety interlocks		N/A
K.6.1	Endurance requirement		N/A
K.6.2	Compliance and Test method.....		—
K.7	Interlock circuit isolation		N/A
K.7.1	Separation distance for contact gaps & interlock circuit elements (type and circuit location)		—
K.7.2	Overload test, Current (A)		—
K.7.3	Endurance test		N/A
K.7.4	Electric strength test		—



L	DISCONNECT DEVICES		N/A
L.1	General requirements		N/A
L.2	Permanently connected equipment		N/A
L.3	Parts that remain energized		N/A
L.4	Single phase equipment		N/A
L.5	Three-phase equipment		N/A
L.6	Switches as disconnect devices		N/A
L.7	Plugs as disconnect devices		N/A
L.8	Multiple power sources		N/A

M	EQUIPMENT CONTAINING BATTERIES AND THEIR PROTECTION CIRCUITS		P
M.1	General requirements		P
M.2	Safety of batteries and their cells		P
M.2.1	Requirements		NP
M.2.2	Compliance and test method (identify method)...		—
M.3	Protection circuits		P
M.3.1	Requirements		P
M.3.2	Tests		P
	- Overcharging of a rechargeable battery		P
	- Unintentional charging of a non-rechargeable battery		P
	- Reverse charging of a rechargeable battery		P
	- Excessive discharging rate for any battery		P
M.3.3	Compliance :		—
M.4	Additional safeguards for equipment containing secondary lithium battery		P
M.4.1	General		P
M.4.2	Charging safeguards		P
M.4.2.1	Charging operating limits		P
M.4.2.2a)	Charging voltage, current and temperature.... :		—
M.4.2.2 b)	Single faults in charging circuitry :		—
M.4.3	Fire Enclosure		P
M.4.4	Endurance of equipment containing a secondary lithium battery		P
M.4.4.2	Preparation		P
M.4.4.3	Drop and charge/discharge function tests		P
	Drop		P
	Charge		P



	Discharge		P
M.4.4.4	Charge-discharge cycle test		P
M.4.4.5	Result of charge-discharge cycle test		P
M.5	Risk of burn due to short circuit during carrying		N/A
M.5.1	Requirement		N/A
M.5.2	Compliance and Test Method (Test of P.2.3)		N/A
M.6	Prevention of short circuits and protection from other effects of electric current		N/A
M.6.1	Short circuits		N/A
M.6.1.1	General requirements		N/A
M.6.1.2	Test method to simulate an internal fault		N/A
M.6.1.3	Compliance (Specify M.6.1.2 or alternative method)		N/A
M.6.2	Leakage current (mA)		—
M.7	Risk of explosion from lead acid and NiCd batteries		N/A
M.7.1	Ventilation preventing explosive gas concentration		N/A
M.7.2	Compliance and test method		N/A
M.8	Protection against internal ignition from external spark sources of lead acid batteries		N/A
M.8.1	General requirements		N/A
M.8.2	Test method		N/A
M.8.2.1	General requirements		N/A
M.8.2.2	Estimation of hypothetical volume V_z (m^3/s) ..		—
M.8.2.3	Correction factors		—
M.8.2.4	Calculation of distance d (mm)		—
M.9	Preventing electrolyte spillage		N/A
M.9.1	Protection from electrolyte spillage		N/A
M.9.2	Tray for preventing electrolyte spillage		N/A
M.10	Instructions to prevent reasonably foreseeable misuse (Determination of compliance: inspection, data review; or abnormal testing) :		—

N	ELECTROCHEMICAL POTENTIALS	N/A
	Metal(s) used	—

O	MEASUREMENT OF CREEPAGE DISTANCES AND CLEARANCES	N/A
	Figures O.1 to O.20 of this Annex applied	—



P	SAFEGUARDS AGAINST ENTRY OF FOREIGN OBJECTS AND SPILLAGE OF INTERNAL LIQUIDS		N/A
P.1	General requirements		N/A
P.2.2	Safeguards against entry of foreign object		N/A
	Location and Dimensions (mm) :	No openings.	—
P.2.3	Safeguard against the consequences of entry of foreign object		N/A
P.2.3.1	Safeguards against the entry of a foreign object		N/A
	Openings in transportable equipment		N/A
	Transportable equipment with metalized plastic parts :		—
P.2.3.2	Openings in transportable equipment in relation to metallized parts of a barrier or enclosure (identification of supplementary safeguard) .. :		—
P.3	Safeguards against spillage of internal liquids	No internal liquids.	N/A
P.3.1	General requirements		N/A
P.3.2	Determination of spillage consequences		N/A
P.3.3	Spillage safeguards		N/A
P.3.4	Safeguards effectiveness		N/A
P.4	Metallized coatings and adhesive securing parts	No metallized coatings or adhesive securing parts.	N/A
P.4.2 a)	Conditioning testing		N/A
	Tc (°C) :		—
	Tr (°C) :		—
	Ta (°C) :		—
P.4.2 b)	Abrasion testing :		—
P.4.2 c)	Mechanical strength testing :		—

Q	CIRCUITS INTENDED FOR INTERCONNECTION WITH BUILDING WIRING		N/A
Q.1	Limited power sources	N/A	N/A
Q.1.1 a)	Inherently limited output		P
Q.1.1 b)	Impedance limited output		N/A
	- Regulating network limited output under normal operating and simulated single fault condition		N/A
Q.1.1 c)	Overcurrent protective device limited output		N/A
Q.1.1 d)	IC current limiter complying with G.9		N/A
Q.1.2	Compliance and test method		N/A
Q.2	Test for external circuits – paired conductor cable		N/A



	Maximum output current (A)		—
	Current limiting method.....		—

R	LIMITED SHORT CIRCUIT TEST		N/A
R.1	General requirements		N/A
R.2	Determination of the overcurrent protective device and circuit		N/A
R.3	Test method Supply voltage (V) and short-circuit current (A)).		—

S	TESTS FOR RESISTANCE TO HEAT AND FIRE		N/A
S.1	Flammability test for fire enclosures and fire barrier materials of equipment where the steady state power does not exceed 4 000 W		N/A
	Samples, material		—
	Wall thickness (mm)		—
	Conditioning (°C)		—
	Test flame according to IEC 60695-11-5 with conditions as set out		N/A
	- Material not consumed completely		N/A
	- Material extinguishes within 30s		N/A
	- No burning of layer or wrapping tissue		N/A
S.2	Flammability test for fire enclosure and fire barrier integrity		N/A
	Samples, material		—
	Wall thickness (mm)		—
	Conditioning (°C)		—
	Test flame according to IEC 60695-11-5 with conditions as set out		N/A
	Test specimen does not show any additional hole		N/A
S.3	Flammability test for the bottom of a fire enclosure		N/A
	Samples, material		—
	Wall thickness (mm)		—
	Cheesecloth did not ignite		N/A
S.4	Flammability classification of materials		N/A
S.5	Flammability test for fire enclosures and fire barrier materials of equipment where the steady state power does not exceed 4 000 W		N/A
	Samples, material		—



	Wall thickness (mm)		—
	Conditioning (test condition), (°C).....		—
	Test flame according to IEC 60695-11-20 with conditions as set out		N/A
	After every test specimen was not consumed completely		N/A
	After fifth flame application, flame extinguished within 1 min		N/A

T	MECHANICAL STRENGTH TESTS		P
T.1	General requirements		P
T.2	Steady force test, 10 N		—
T.3	Steady force test, 30 N		—
T.4	Steady force test, 100 N		—
T.5	Steady force test, 250 N		—
T.6	Enclosure impact test		P
	Fall test		N/A
	Swing test		N/A
T.7	Drop test	(See appended table T7)	P
T.8	Stress relief test	(See appended table T8)	—
T.9	Impact Test (glass)		N/A
T.9.1	General requirements		N/A
T.9.2	Impact test and compliance		N/A
	Impact energy (J)		—
	Height (m)		—
T.10	Glass fragmentation test.....	No glass.	—
T.11	Test for telescoping or rod antennas		N/A
	Torque value (Nm)		—

U	MECHANICAL STRENGTH OF CATHODE RAY TUBES (CRT) AND PROTECTION AGAINST THE EFFECTS OF IMPLOSION		N/A
U.1	General requirements	No CRTs.	N/A
U.2	Compliance and test method for non-intrinsically protected CRTs		N/A
U.3	Protective Screen.....	(See Annex T)	—



V	DETERMINATION OF ACCESSIBLE PARTS (FINGERS, PROBES AND WEDGES)		P
V.1	Accessible parts of equipment		P
V.2	Accessible part criterion		P

ATTACHMENT TO TEST REPORT IEC 62368-1 EUROPEAN GROUP DIFFERENCES AND NATIONAL DIFFERENCES (Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment Part 1: Safety requirements)	
Differences according to	EN 62368-1:2014+A11:2017
Attachment Form No.	EU_GD_IEC62368_1B_II
Attachment Originator.....	Nemko AS
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	CENELEC COMMON MODIFICATIONS (EN)					P																																				
	Clauses, subclauses, notes, tables, figures and annexes which are additional to those in IEC 62368-1:2014 are prefixed “Z”.																																									
CONTENT S	Add the following annexes: Annex ZA (normative) Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications Annex ZB (normative) Special national conditions Annex ZC (informative) A-deviations Annex ZD (informative) IEC and CENELEC code designations for flexible cords																																									
	Delete all the “country” notes in the reference document (IEC 62368-1:2014) according to the following list: <table><tr><td>0.2.1</td><td>Note</td><td>1</td><td>Note 3</td><td>4.1.15</td><td>Note</td></tr><tr><td>4.7.3</td><td>Note 1 and 2</td><td>5.2.2.2</td><td>Note</td><td>5.4.2.3.2.2 Table 13</td><td>Note c</td></tr><tr><td>5.4.2.3.2.4</td><td>Note 1 and 3</td><td>5.4.2.5</td><td>Note 2</td><td>5.4.5.1</td><td>Note</td></tr><tr><td>5.5.2.1</td><td>Note</td><td>5.5.6</td><td>Note</td><td>5.6.4.2.1</td><td>Note 2 and 3</td></tr><tr><td>5.7.5</td><td>Note</td><td>5.7.6.1</td><td>Note 1 and 2</td><td>10.2.1 Table 39</td><td>Note 2, 3 and 4</td></tr><tr><td>10.5.3</td><td>Note 2</td><td>10.6.2.1</td><td>Note 3</td><td>F.3.3.6</td><td>Note 3</td></tr></table>					0.2.1	Note	1	Note 3	4.1.15	Note	4.7.3	Note 1 and 2	5.2.2.2	Note	5.4.2.3.2.2 Table 13	Note c	5.4.2.3.2.4	Note 1 and 3	5.4.2.5	Note 2	5.4.5.1	Note	5.5.2.1	Note	5.5.6	Note	5.6.4.2.1	Note 2 and 3	5.7.5	Note	5.7.6.1	Note 1 and 2	10.2.1 Table 39	Note 2, 3 and 4	10.5.3	Note 2	10.6.2.1	Note 3	F.3.3.6	Note 3	
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10.5.3	Note 2	10.6.2.1	Note 3	F.3.3.6	Note 3																																					
	For special national conditions, see Annex ZB.					P																																				
1	Add the following note: NOTE Z1 The use of certain substances in electrical and electronic equipment is restricted within the EU: see Directive 2011/65/EU.					P																																				



4.Z1	Add the following new subclause after 4.9: To protect against excessive current, short-circuits and earth faults in circuits connected to an a.c. mains, protective devices shall be included either as integral parts of the equipment or as parts of the building installation, subject to the following, a), b) and c): a) except as detailed in b) and c), protective devices necessary to comply with the requirements of B.3.1 and B.4 shall be included as parts of the equipment; b) for components in series with the mains input to the equipment such as the supply cord, appliance coupler, r.f.i. filter and switch, short-circuit and earth fault protection may be provided by protective devices in the building installation; c) it is permitted for pluggable equipment type B or permanently connected equipment, to rely on dedicated overcurrent and short-circuit protection in the building installation, provided that the means of protection, e.g. fuses or circuit breakers, is fully specified in the installation instructions. If reliance is placed on protection in the building installation, the installation instructions shall so state, except that for pluggable equipment type A the building installation shall be regarded as providing protection in accordance with the rating of the wall socket outlet.	See below.	
5.4.2.3.2.4	Add the following to the end of this subclause: The requirement for interconnection with external circuit is in addition given in EN 50491-3:2009.	No external circuits.	N/A
10.2.1	Add the following to ^{c)} and ^{d)} in table 39: For additional requirements, see 10.5.1.	No such radiation from the equipment.	N/A
10.5.1	Add the following after the first paragraph: <i>For RS 1 compliance is checked by measurement under the following conditions:</i> <i>In addition to the normal operating conditions, all controls adjustable from the outside by hand, by any object such as a tool or a coin, and those internal adjustments or presets which are not locked in a reliable manner, are adjusted so as to give maximum radiation whilst maintaining an intelligible picture for 1 h, at the end of which the measurement is made.</i> NOTE Z1 Soldered joints and paint lockings are examples of adequate locking. <i>The dose-rate is determined by means of a radiation monitor with an effective area of 10 cm², at any point 10 cm from the outer surface of the apparatus.</i> <i>Moreover, the measurement shall be made under fault conditions causing an increase of the high-voltage, provided an intelligible picture is maintained for 1 h, at the end of which the measurement is</i>		



	made. <i>For RS1, the dose-rate shall not exceed 1 μSv/h taking account of the background level.</i> NOTE Z2 These values appear in Directive 96/29/Euratom of 13 May 1996.		
10.6.1	Add the following paragraph to the end of the subclause: EN 71-1:2011, 4.20 and the related tests methods and measurement distances apply.	No such x-radiation generated from the equipment.	N/A
10.Z1	Add the following new subclause after 10.6.5. 10.Z1 Non-ionizing radiation from radio frequencies in the range 0 to 300 GHz The amount of non-ionizing radiation is regulated by European Council Recommendation 1999/519/EC of 12 July 1999 on the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields (0 Hz to 300 GHz). For intentional radiators, ICNIRP guidelines should be taken into account for Limiting Exposure to Time-Varying Electric, Magnetic, and Electromagnetic Fields (up to 300 GHz). For hand-held and body-mounted devices, attention is drawn to EN 50360 and EN 50566	No such consideration for the purpose of personal music players.	N/A
G.7.1	Add the following note: NOTE Z1 The harmonized code designations corresponding to the IEC cord types are given in Annex ZD.		P
Bibliography	Add the following standards: Add the following notes for the standards indicated: IEC 60130-9 NOTE Harmonized as EN 60130-9. IEC 60269-2 NOTE Harmonized as HD 60269-2. IEC 60309-1 NOTE Harmonized as EN 60309-1. IEC 60364 NOTE some parts harmonized in HD 384/HD 60364 series. IEC 60601-2-4 NOTE Harmonized as EN 60601-2-4. IEC 60664-5 NOTE Harmonized as EN 60664-5. IEC 61032:1997 NOTE Harmonized as EN 61032:1998 (not modified). IEC 61508-1 NOTE Harmonized as EN 61508-1. IEC 61558-2-1 NOTE Harmonized as EN 61558-2-1. IEC 61558-2-4 NOTE Harmonized as EN 61558-2-4. IEC 61558-2-6 NOTE Harmonized as EN 61558-2-6. IEC 61643-1 NOTE Harmonized as EN 61643-1. IEC 61643-21 NOTE Harmonized as EN 61643-21. IEC 61643-311 NOTE Harmonized as EN 61643-311. IEC 61643-321 NOTE Harmonized as EN 61643-321. IEC 61643-331 NOTE Harmonized as EN 61643-331.		



ZB	ANNEX ZB, SPECIAL NATIONAL CONDITIONS (EN)		P
4.1.15	Denmark, Finland, Norway and Sweden To the end of the subclause the following is added: Class I pluggable equipment type A intended for connection to other equipment or a network shall, if safety relies on connection to reliable earthing or if surge suppressors are connected between the network terminals and accessible parts, have a marking stating that the equipment shall be connected to an earthed mains socket-outlet. The marking text in the applicable countries shall be as follows: In Denmark: "Apparatets stikprop skal tilsluttes en stikkontakt med jord som giver forbindelse til stikproppens jord." In Finland: "Laite on liitettävä suojakoskettimilla varustettuun pistorasiaan" In Norway: "Apparatet må tilkoples jordet stikkontakt" In Sweden: "Apparaten skall anslutas till jordat uttag"	The equipment is for building-in into a Class I equipment. The marking text must be provided when marketed in applicable countries.	N/A
4.7.3	United Kingdom To the end of the subclause the following is added: The torque test is performed using a socket-outlet complying with BS 1363, and the plug part shall be assessed to the relevant clauses of BS 1363. Also see Annex G.4.2 of this annex	The equipment is not direct plug-in equipment.	N/A
5.2.2.2	Denmark After the 2nd paragraph add the following: A warning (marking safeguard) for high touch current is required if the touch current exceeds the limits of 3,5 mA a.c. or 10 mA d.c.	No high touch current.	N/A
5.4.11.1 and Annex G	Finland and Sweden To the end of the subclause the following is added: For separation of the telecommunication network from earth the following is applicable: If this insulation is solid, including insulation forming part of a component, it shall at least consist of either • two layers of thin sheet material, each of which shall pass the electric strength test below, or • one layer having a distance through insulation of at least 0,4 mm, which shall pass the electric	No TNV circuits.	N/A



	strength test below. If this insulation forms part of a semiconductor component (e.g. an optocoupler), there is no distance through insulation requirement for the insulation consisting of an insulating compound completely filling the casing, so that clearances and creepage distances do not exist, if the component passes the electric strength test in accordance with the compliance clause below and in addition • passes the tests and inspection criteria of 5.4.8 with an electric strength test of 1,5 kV multiplied by 1,6 (the electric strength test of 5.4.9 shall be performed using 1,5 kV), and • is subject to routine testing for electric strength during manufacturing, using a test voltage of 1,5kV. It is permitted to bridge this insulation with a capacitor complying with EN 60384-14:2005, subclass Y2. A capacitor classified Y3 according to EN 60384-14:2005, may bridge this insulation under the following conditions: • the insulation requirements are satisfied by having a capacitor classified Y3 as defined by EN 60384-14, which in addition to the Y3 testing, is tested with an impulse test of 2,5 kV defined in 5.4.11; • the additional testing shall be performed on all the test specimens as described in EN 60384-14; the impulse test of 2,5 kV is to be performed before the endurance test in EN 60384-14, in the sequence of tests as described in EN 60384-14.		
5.5.2.1	Norway After the 3rd paragraph the following is added: Due to the IT power system used, capacitors are required to be rated for the applicable line-to-line voltage (230 V).	Considered.	P
5.5.6	Finland, Norway and Sweden To the end of the subclause the following is added: Resistors used as basic safeguard or bridging basic insulation in class I pluggable equipment type A shall comply with G.10.1 and the test of G.10.2.	No such resistors.	N/A
5.6.1	Denmark Add to the end of the subclause Due to many existing installations where the	Considered.	P



	socket-outlets can be protected with fuses with higher rating than the rating of the socket-outlets the protection for pluggable equipment type A shall be an integral part of the equipment. <i>Justification:</i> In Denmark an existing 13 A socket outlet can be protected by a 20 A fuse.		
5.6.4.2.1	Ireland and United Kingdom After the indent for pluggable equipment type A, the following is added: – the protective current rating is taken to be 13 A, this being the largest rating of fuse used in the mains plug.	Considered.	N/A
5.6.5.1	To the second paragraph the following is added: The range of conductor sizes of flexible cords to be accepted by terminals for equipment with a rated current over 10 A and up to and including 13 A is: 1,25 mm² to 1,5 mm² in cross-sectional area.	See above.	N/A
5.7.5	Denmark To the end of the subclause the following is added: The installation instruction shall be affixed to the equipment if the protective conductor current exceeds the limits of 3,5 mA a.c. or 10 mA d.c.	No high protective conductor current.	N/A
5.7.6.1	Norway and Sweden To the end of the subclause the following is added: The screen of the television distribution system is normally not earthed at the entrance of the building and there is normally no equipotential bonding system within the building. Therefore the protective earthing of the building installation needs to be isolated from the screen of a cable distribution system. It is however accepted to provide the insulation external to the equipment by an adapter or an interconnection cable with galvanic isolator, which may be provided by a retailer, for example. The user manual shall then have the following or similar information in Norwegian and Swedish language respectively, depending on in what country the equipment is intended to be used in: “Apparatus connected to the protective earthing of the building installation through the mains connection or through other apparatus with a connection to protective earthing – and to a television distribution system using coaxial cable, may in some circumstances create a fire	Not such system.	N/A



	hazard. Connection to a television distribution system therefore has to be provided through a device providing electrical isolation below a certain frequency range (galvanic isolator, see EN 60728-11)” NOTE In Norway, due to regulation for CATV-installations, and in Sweden, a galvanic isolator shall provide electrical insulation below 5 MHz. The insulation shall withstand a dielectric strength of 1,5 kV r.m.s., 50 Hz or 60 Hz, for 1 min. Translation to Norwegian (the Swedish text will also be accepted in Norway): “Apparater som er koplet til beskyttelsesjord via nettplugg og/eller via annet jordtilkoplet utstyr – og er tilkoplet et koaksialbasert kabel-TV nett, kan forårsake brannfare. For å unngå dette skal det ved tilkopling av apparater til kabel-TV nett installeres en galvanisk isolator mellom apparatet og kabel-TV nettet.” Translation to Swedish: ”Apparater som är kopplad till skyddsjord via jordat vägguttag och/eller via annan utrustning och samtidigt är kopplad till kabel-TV nät kan i vissa fall medföra risk för brand. För att undvika detta skall vid anslutning av apparaten till kabel-TV nät galvanisk isolator finnas mellan apparaten och kabel-TV nätet.”.		
5.7.6.2	Denmark To the end of the subclause the following is added: The warning (marking safeguard) for high touch current is required if the touch current or the protective current exceed the limits of 3,5 mA .	No external circuits.	N/A
B.3.1 and B.4	Ireland and United Kingdom The following is applicable: To protect against excessive currents and short-circuits in the primary circuit of direct plug-in equipment, tests according to Annexes B.3.1 and B.4 shall be conducted using an external miniature circuit breaker complying with EN 60898-1, Type B, rated 32A. If the equipment does not pass these tests, suitable protective devices shall be included as an integral part of the direct plug-in equipment, until the requirements of Annexes B.3.1 and B.4 are met	The equipment is not direct plug-in equipment.	N/A
G.4.2	Denmark To the end of the subclause the following is added: Supply cords of single phase appliances having a rated current not exceeding 13 A shall be provided with a plug according to DS 60884-2-D1:2011.		N/A



	CLASS I EQUIPMENT provided with socket-outlets with earth contacts or which are intended to be used in locations where protection against indirect contact is required according to the wiring rules shall be provided with a plug in accordance with standard sheet DK 2-1a or DK 2-5a. If a single-phase equipment having a RATED CURRENT exceeding 13 A or if a poly-phase equipment is provided with a supply cord with a plug, this plug shall be in accordance with the standard sheets DK 6-1a in DS 60884-2-D1 or EN 60309-2. Mains socket outlets intended for providing power to Class II apparatus with a rated current of 2,5 A shall be in accordance DS 60884-2-D1:2011 standard sheet DKA 1-4a. Other current rating socket outlets shall be in compliance with Standard Sheet DKA 1-3a or DKA 1-1c. Mains socket-outlets with earth shall be in compliance with DS 60884-2-D1:2011 Standard Sheet DK 1-3a, DK 1-1c, DK1-1d, DK 1-5a or DK 1-7a <i>Justification:</i> Heavy Current Regulations, Section 6c		
G.4.2	United Kingdom To the end of the subclause the following is added: The plug part of direct plug-in equipment shall be assessed to BS 1363: Part 1, 12.1, 12.2, 12.3, 12.9, 12.11, 12.12, 12.13, 12.16, and 12.17, except that the test of 12.17 is performed at not less than 125 °C. Where the metal earth pin is replaced by an Insulated Shutter Opening Device (ISOD), the requirements of clauses 22.2 and 23 also apply.	The equipment is not direct plug-in equipment.	N/A
G.7.1	United Kingdom To the first paragraph the following is added: Equipment which is fitted with a flexible cable or cord and is designed to be connected to a mains socket conforming to BS 1363 by means of that flexible cable or cord shall be fitted with a 'standard plug' in accordance with the Plugs and Sockets etc (Safety) Regulations 1994, Statutory Instrument 1994 No. 1768, unless exempted by those regulations. NOTE "Standard plug" is defined in SI 1768:1994 and essentially means an approved plug conforming to BS 1363 or an approved conversion plug.	The power supply cord has not been checked, see GENERAL PRODUCT INFORMATION.	N/A
G.7.1	Ireland To the first paragraph the following is added: Apparatus which is fitted with a flexible cable or cord shall be provided with a plug in accordance	The power supply cord has not been checked, see GENERAL PRODUCT INFORMATION.	N/A



	with Statutory Instrument 525: 1997, "13 A Plugs and Conversion Adapters for Domestic Use Regulations: 1997. S.I. 525 provides for the recognition of a standard of another Member State which is equivalent to the relevant Irish Standard		
G.7.2	Ireland and United Kingdom To the first paragraph the following is added: A power supply cord with a conductor of 1,25 mm ² is allowed for equipment which is rated over 10 A and up to and including 13 A.	The power supply cord has not been checked, see GENERAL PRODUCT INFORMATION.	N/A
ZC	ANNEX ZC, NATIONAL DEVIATIONS (EN)		
10.5.2	Germany The following requirement applies: For the operation of any cathode ray tube intended for the display of visual images operating at an acceleration voltage exceeding 40 kV, authorization is required, or application of type approval (Bauartzulassung) and marking. <i>Justification:</i> German ministerial decree against ionizing radiation (Röntgenverordnung), in force since 2002-07-01, implementing the European Directive 96/29/EURATOM. NOTE Contact address: Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt, Bundesallee 100, D-38116 Braunschweig, Tel.: Int +49-531-592-6320, Internet: http://www.ptb.de	No CRT within the equipment.	N/A



4.1.2		TABLE: List of critical components				P
Object / part No.	Manufacturer/ trademark	Type / model	Technical data	Standard	Mark(s) of conformity ¹	
Plastic Enclosure	Chi Mei Corporation	PA-765(+)	Min. V-1, 80 °C Min. thick.1.5mm	UL94, UL746A	UL	
PCB	DONGGUAN HUATUO ELECTRONIC CO LTD	AF-003	V-0,130°C	UL 746	UL (E347659)	
Li-ion cell	--	1376074	3.85V 10000mAh	IEC62133	--	
Internal wire	Interchangeable	Interchangeable	60KV, 200 °C,20AWG, VW-1	UL 758	UL	
Supplementary information:						
1) Provided evidence ensures the agreed level of compliance.						
2) Description line content is optional. Main line description needs to clearly detail the component used for testing						

5.2	TABLE: Classification of electrical energy sources						P
Supply Voltage	Location (e.g. circuit designation)	Test conditions	Parameters				ES Class
			U (V)	I (mA)	Type ¹⁾	Additional Info ²⁾	
Max 5.0Vdc input	All circuit	Normal	5.0Vdc	--	--	--	*ES1
		Abnormal	--	--	--	--	
		Single fault – SC/OC	--	--	--	--	



Supplementary information:

1) Type: Steady state (SS), Capacitance (CP), Single pulse (SP), Repetitive pulses (RP), etc.

2) Additional Info: Frequency, Pulse duration, Pulse off time, Capacitance value, etc.

SC= short circuit; OC= open circuit

*This client declared this product is supplied by ES1 and PS2 power source.

5.4.1.8	TABLE: Working voltage measurement				N/A
Location		RMS voltage (V)	Peak voltage (V)	Frequency (Hz)	Comments
--		--	--	--	--
--		--	--	--	--
Supplementary information:					

5.4.1.10.2	TABLE: Vicat softening temperature of thermoplastics			N/A
Method			—	
Object/ Part No./Material	Manufacturer/trademark	Thickness (mm)	T softening (°C)	
--	--	--	--	
--	--	--	--	
Supplementary information:				

5.4.1.10.3	TABLE: Ball pressure test of thermoplastics				N/A
Allowed impression diameter (mm).....:			≤ 2 mm		—
Object/Part No./Material	Manufacturer/trademark	Thickness (mm)	Test temperature (°C)	Impression diameter (mm)	
--	--	--	--	--	
--	--	--	--	--	
Supplementary information:					

5.4.2, 5.4.3	TABLE: Minimum Clearances/Creepage distance							N/A
Clearance (cl) and creepage distance (cr) at/of/between:	U _p (V)	U _{rms} (V)	Freq ¹⁾ (Hz)	Required cl (mm)	cl (mm)	E.S. ²⁾ (V)	Required cr (mm)	cr (mm)
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Supplementary information:								

5.4.4.2	TABLE: Minimum distance through insulation				N/A
Distance through insulation	Peak voltage (V)	Insulation	Required DTI	Measured DTI	



(DTI) at/of			(mm)	(mm)
--	--	--	--	--
--	--	--	--	--
Supplementary information:				

5.4.4.9	TABLE: Solid insulation at frequencies >30 kHz						N/A
Insulation material	E_p	Frequency (kHz)	K_R	Thickness d (mm)	Insulation	V_{PW} (Vpk)	
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Supplementary information:							

5.4.9	TABLE: Electric strength tests				N/A
Test voltage applied between:		Voltage shape (Surge, Impulse, AC, DC, etc.)	Test voltage (V)	Breakdown Yes / No	
--		--	--	--	
--		--	--	--	
Supplementary information:					

5.5.2.2	TABLE: Stored discharge on capacitors					N/A
Location	Supply voltage (V)	Operating and fault condition ¹⁾	Switch position	Measured voltage (Vpk)	ES Class	
--	--	--	--	--	--	
Supplementary information:						
X-capacitors installed for testing:						
☐ bleeding resistor rating:						
☐ ICX:						
1) Normal operating condition (e.g., normal operation, or open fuse), SC= short circuit, OC= open circuit						

5.6.6	TABLE: Resistance of protective conductors and terminations				N/A
Location	Test current (A)	Duration (min)	Voltage drop (V)	Resistance (Ω)	
--	--	--	--	--	
Supplementary information:					



5.7.4	TABLE: Unearthed accessible parts					N/A
Location	Operating and fault conditions	Supply Voltage (V)	Parameters			ES class
			Voltage (V _{rms} or V _{pk})	Current (A _{rms} or A _{pk})	Freq. (Hz)	
--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Supplementary information:						
Abbreviation: SC= short circuit; OC= open circuit						

5.7.5	TABLE: Earthed accessible conductive part			N/A
Supply voltage (V)..... :		--		---
Phase(s)		☐ Single Phase; ☐ Three Phase: ☐ Delta ☐ Wye		
Power Distribution System		☐ TN ☐ TT ☐ IT		
Location		Fault Condition No in IEC 60990 clause 6.2.2	Touch current (mA)	Comment
--		--	--	--
Supplementary Information:				

5.8	TABLE: Backfeed safeguard in battery backed up supplies					N/A
Location	Supply voltage (V)	Operating and fault condition	Time (s)	Open-circuit voltage (V)	Touch current (A)	ES Class
--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Supplementary information:						
Abbreviation: SC= short circuit, OC= open circuit						

6.2.2	TABLE: Power source circuit classifications						P
Location	Operating and fault condition	Voltage (V)	Current (A)	Max. Power ¹⁾ (W)	Time (S)	PS class	
5V external DC source	Normal	--	--	--	--	PS2(defined by manufacturer)	
	Single fault –SC/OC	--	--	--	--		
Supplementary information:							
Abbreviation: SC= short circuit; OC= open circuit							
1) Measured after 3 s for PS1 and measured after 5 s for PS2 and PS3.							

6.2.3.1	TABLE: Determination of Arcing PIS				N/A
Location		Open circuit voltage after 3 s (Vpk)	Measured r.m.s current (A)	Calculated value	Arcing PIS? Yes / No
--		--	--	--	--
Supplementary information: /					



6.2.3.2	TABLE: Determination of resistive PIS			P
Location		Operating and fault condition	Dissipate power (W)	Resistive PIS? Yes / No
All internal circuits /components		--	--	Yes (Declaration)
Supplementary information: Abbreviation: SC= short circuit; OC= open circuit. All components located within the EUT are considered as resistive PIS.				

8.5.5	TABLE: High pressure lamp				N/A
Lamp manufacturer	Lamp type	Explosion method	Longest axis of glass particle (mm)	Particle found beyond 1 m Yes / No	
--	--	--	--	--	
Supplementary information:					

9.6	TABLE: Temperature measurements for wireless power transmitters							P
Supply voltage(V)				5V				--
Max.transmit power transmitter(W)				15W				--
Foreign objects	w/o receiver and direct contact		With receiver and direct contact		With receiver and at distance of 2mm		With receiver and at distance of 5mm	
	Object (°C)	Ambient (°C)	Object (°C)	Ambient (°C)	Object (°C)	Ambient (°C)	Object (°C)	Ambient (°C)
A steel disc	28.6	25	29.8	25	28.3	25	28.2	25
An aluminium ring	29.4	25	30.3	25	29.7	25	27.4	25
An aluminium foil	27.9	25	29.6	25	28.2	25	28.3	25
Supplementary information:								
Note 1: Protect the prototype after contact with foreign body.								

5.4.1.4, 9.3, B.1.5, B.2.6	TABLE: Temperature measurements			P
Supply voltage (V)..... :		5V(charging mode)		—
Ambient temperature during test T_{amb} (°C)		See below		—
Maximum measured temperature T of part/at:		T (°C)		Allowed T_{max} (°C)
PCB near U1		60.6		130
PCB near U5		58.9		130



Internal wire			50.9			200	
PCB near USB port			51.6			130	
Ambient			35.0			--	
Button			36.4			48	
Ambient			25.0			--	
Temperature T of winding:	t_1 (°C)	R_1 (Ω)	t_2 (°C)	R_2 (Ω)	T (°C)	Allowed T_{max} (°C)	Insulation class
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Supplementary information:							
1. The apparatus was submitted and evaluated for maximum manufacturer's recommended ambient (Tma) : 40°C.							
2. The temperatures were measured under the worse case normal mode defined in clause B.2.1.							

B.2.5		TABLE: Input test						P
U (V)	Hz	I (A)	I rated (A)	P (W)	P rated (W)	Fuse No	I fuse (A)	Condition/status
Charging mode:								
5.0	--	2.23	2.0	10.3	--	--	--	Normal condition, the cell current: 1.51A.
Discharging mode:								
	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	SCP agreement : USB output port loaded with 5Vdc 2.0A, the cell current: 3.55A.
Supplementary information:								

B.3, B.4		TABLE: Abnormal operating and fault condition tests					P
Ambient temperature T _{amb} (°C)..... :					25°C, if not specified		—
Power source for EUT: Manufacturer, model/type, outputrating :					--		—
Component No.	Condition	Supply voltage (V)	Test time	Fuse no.	Fuse current (A)	Observation	
Condition A: discharge mode: Type-C port loaded with 5Vdc, 2.0A.							
Type-C output port	SC	--	10min.	--	--	Unit shut down immediately, recoverable, no damage, no hazards.	



USB output port(loaded with 5Vdc 2.0A)	OL	--	5h10min.	--	--	Cell body: 31.3°C Ambient temperature: 35°C Plastic enclosure near battery,outside: 32.0°C Ambient temperature: 25°C Output overload to 2.43A and unit shutdown at 5.5A, Recoverable when fault removed and no hazards observed.
USB output port	SC	--	10min.	--	--	Unit shut down immediately, recoverable, no damage, no hazards.

Charging mode: Supplied by 5V DC external source.

C11	SC	5.0Vdc	10min.	--	--	The battery can't be charging, no damaged, no hazard.
R1	SC	5.0Vdc	10min.	--	--	Unit working normally, no damage, no hazards.

Discharging model:

Supplementary information:

Results Key: NB=No indication of dielectric breakdown; IP=Internal protection operated (list component); CD=Components damaged (list damaged components); @ = Tests were repeated 2 more times (Totally 3 times) and get the same result; I/P = Input; O/P = Output, NSF=No Ignition, TC=Touch Current measured, TV= Touch Voltage measured, ASRE = All safeguards remained effectively.

M.3	TABLE: Protection circuits for batteries provided within the equipment						N/A
Is it possible to install the battery in a reverse polarity position?:				No		—	
Equipment Specification	Charging						
	Voltage (V)			Current (A)			
	--			--			
Manufacturer/type	Battery specification						
	Non-rechargeable batteries		Rechargeable batteries				
	Discharging current (A)	Unintentional charging current (A)	Charging		Discharging current (A)	Reverse charging current (A)	
			Voltage (V)	Current (A)			
/	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Note: The tests of M.3.2 are applicable only when above appropriate data is not available.							
Specified battery temperature (°C).....:				See below			
Component No.	Fault condition	Charge/ discharge mode	Test time	Temp. (°C)	Current (A)	Voltage (V)	Observation
Supplementary information:							



Abbreviation: SC= short circuit; OC= open circuit NL= no chemical leakage; NS= no spillage of liquid; NE= no explosion; NF= no emission of flame or expulsion of molten metal.

M.4.2	TABLE: Charging safeguards for equipment containing a secondary lithium battery					N/A	
Maximum specified charging voltage (V)					—		
Maximum specified charging current (A)					—		
Highest specified charging temperature (°C)					—		
Lowest specified charging temperature (°C)					—		
Battery manufacturer/type	Operating and fault condition	Measurement			Observation		
		Charging voltage (V)	Charging current (A)	Temp. (°C)			
Supplementary information:							
Abbreviation: SC= short circuit; OC= open circuit; MSCV= maximum specified charging voltage; MSCC= maximum specified charging current; HSCT= highest specified charging temperature; LSCT= lowest specified charging temperature.							
Supplementary Information:							
Cell: Manufacture specified the upper charging temperature was 45°C, Lower charging temperature was 0°C.							
Q.1	TABLE: Circuits intended for interconnection with building wiring (LPS)					P	
Output Circuit	Condition	U _{oc} (V)	Time (s)	I _{sc} (A)		S (VA)	
				Meas.	Limit	Meas.	Limit
output(load ed with 5Vdc 1.0A)	Normal	5.17Vdc	60	3.35	8	15.1	100
	Single fault –U1 SC	5.17Vdc	60	3.47	8	16.15	100
Supplementary Information:							
SC=Short circuit, OC=Open circuit							

T.2, T.3, T.4, T.5	TABLE: Steady force test						P
Part/Location	Material	Thickness (mm)	Probe	Force (N)	Test Duration (s)	Observation	
Plastic enclosure (top, side, bottom)	Plastic	1.14mm	--	100	5s	Enclosure remained intact, no crack. No hazards, no damaged.	
Supplementary information: /							

T.6, T.9	TABLE: Impact test				N/A
Location/part	Material	Thickness (mm)	Height (mm)	Observation	



--	--	--	--	--
Supplementary information:				

T.7	TABLE: Drop test				P
Location/part	Material	Thickness (mm)	Height (mm)	Observation	
External enclosure(Top, side, bottom)	/	1.14mm	1000	After the drop test, enclosure remained intact, no cracking/opening developed in the enclosure joint. No hazards, no damaged.	

Supplementary information:

T.8	TABLE: Stress relief test				P
Location/Part	Material	Thickness (mm)	Oven Temperature (°C)	Duration (h)	Observation
The whole unit	/	1.14mm	70.0	7	No damaged, No hazards

Supplementary information:

X	TABLE: Alternative method for determining minimum clearances distances			N/A
Clearance distanced between:	Peak of working voltage (V)	Required cl(mm)	Measured cl(mm)	
--	--	--	--	

Supplementary information:

Appendix
Photo documentation

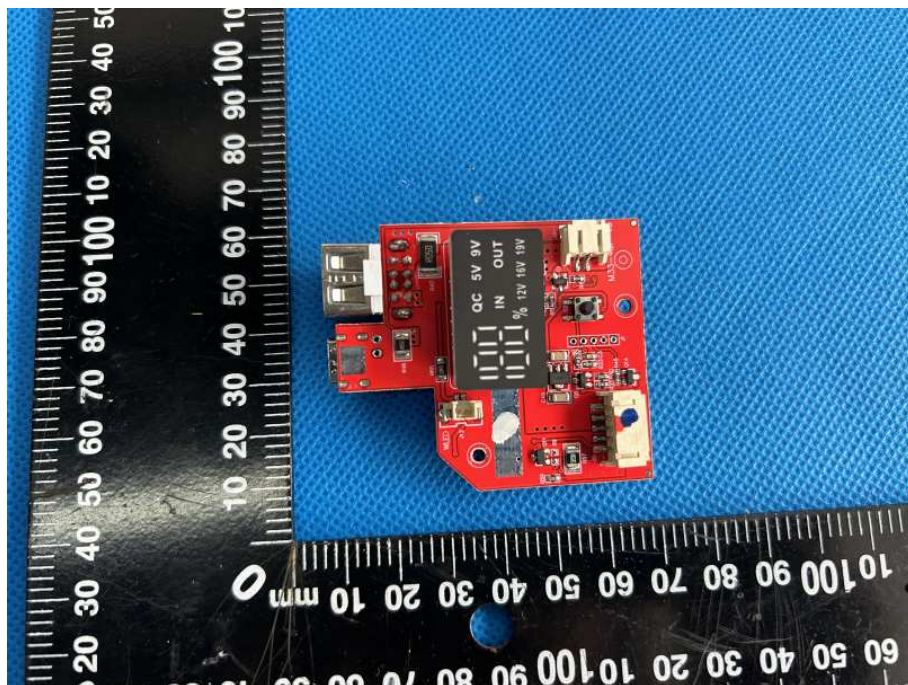
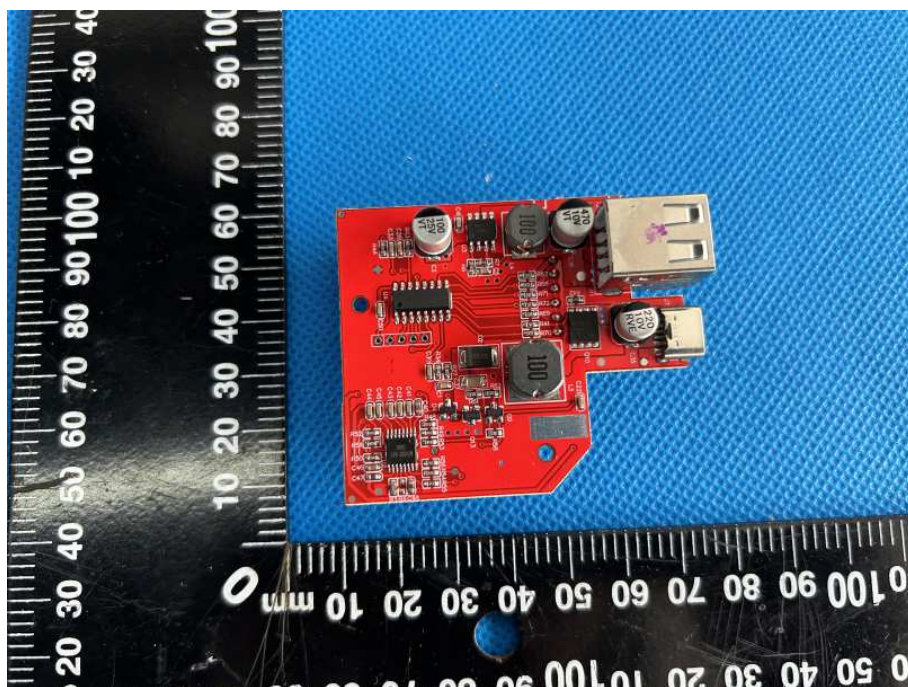
Photo 1



Photo 2



Photo 3**Photo 4**

Photo 7**Photo 8**

*****End of the report*****